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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor.
Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District.
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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
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Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
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The Astors, who never sell anything but are always buying, have just added five miles of business blocks to their buildings in New York.

Says the New York *Tribune:* Reports of industrial progress in the Southern states come in so steadily and so numerously as to be almost bewildering.

The Philadelphia *Record* declares that the three suburban poorhouses of Philadelphia are "palaces" in which the poor are maintained in Sybaritic luxury.

The railways of the world are now estimated at $30,000,000,000, and there is just one-third enough actual money in the world to buy them if they were all offered for sale at once.

England has evidently been alarmed by the reports of the strengthening of the French navy, for the British Admiralty estimates propose the increase of the marine force by 3500 men.

Gathering garbage on a tricycle is the latest "fad" in Washington, where everything goes on wheels. The boxes for the reception of the slop are arranged between the two hind wheels and under the seat, and the collector moves at an astonishing pace over the asphalt streets in his work.

Mr. Nimmo, the great statistician, says that while in 1857 fully seventy-two per cent. of our foreign trade was conducted in American and only twenty-eight per cent. in foreign ships, in 1887 but twenty-one per cent. was carried in American and seventy-nine per cent. in foreign vessels.

Since the ravages of phylloxera have so devastated the vineyards in France it has become a common practice, alleges the San Francisco *Chronicle*, for French wine dealers to import largely from other countries, the product being manipulated and then exported or sold at home as pure French wines.

It is notable that though there are English, French, Italian, Hebrew, Spanish, and even Portuguese restaurants in New York, yet nowhere in that city is there an "Irish restaurant." What does this mean? asks the *Commercial Advertiser.* "Have the Irish no distinctive and attractive way of cooking and serving meals?"

There must be a good deal of boiler iron in the make up of the average Russian. A party of visiting Russians in New York have paralyzed everybody by their ability to absorb whisky. They regard whisky just as an old toper regards lemonade. In their own country they are accustomed to vodka, a fiery liquid that would set an American on fire.

The New York *Press* says: "An enemy's vessel could lie in thirty feet of water five miles from the state house in Boston and throw these massive shells into Lynn, Chelsea, Charlestown, the navy yard, East Boston, Cambridge, South Boston, Roxbury and Dorchester. What is true of the harbors of New York and Boston is practically true of Portland, Me., New Bedford, Providence, New Haven, Norfolk, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Charleston, Savannah, Pensacola, Mobile, New Orleans, Galveston, San Francisco and other ports on the Atlantic, gulf and Pacific coasts."

Professor Carlo Ruata of Perugia has just published what is characterized as a striking account of the prevalence of typhoid fever in Italy. Every year, he says, this disease attacks from 200,000 to 300,000 individuals, and causes a mortality of 27,700. One-third of the persons in Italy who reach the age of forty-five are attacked with typhoid fever. In several districts over 3 per cent. of the inhabitants die from the disease annually. Commenting upon these figures the New York *Medical Record* says: "It is inexcusable that civilized states at the present day should allow a disease relatively so controllable to make devastations such as those in Italy. Well may Professor Ruata exclaim: 'Defend yourselves from typhoid fever.'"

Among those who have a special interest in the admission of the four new states, avers the New York *Times*, are the flagmakers. One of their troubles for many years has been that of arranging with simplicity and exact symmetry the required number of stars in the blue field of the national banner. It is more than twenty years since this problem began with the admission of the thirty-seventh state, Nebraska, in 1867. Before that time the multiple 36 had lent itself not only to the perfect square but to various other simple figures, and 35 had also been perfectly easy to handle in the rectangle of seven stars one way and five the other, or in the five-point combination. But there was more difficulty with thirty-seven States, and the addition of the thirty-eighth, Colorado, in 1876, made matters hardly better. Now, however, with four new States and the number of stars on the azure increased to forty-two, the arrangement of them is once more the simplest and most symmetrical that can be asked, either with its seven lines of stars and six in each, or with other less obvious geometrical possibilities.

Sea-Music.

Sink, sun, in crimson far away,
Float out, pale moon, above the roar,
While brown and silver, flame and gray,
'Round rock and sand the waters pour;
For night had clew to all the store
Of wild wave-harmony that rings,
And Earth hath not in all her lore
Such legends as sea-music brings.

Here singing silver shallows fray
The ruby-tufted, golden floor,
Here wondrous twilit forests sway
'Round coral porch and corridor
Where lurk—but ah, why yet implore
The splendid dream that 'round them clings?
Where the dead lie who heard of yore
The legends that sea-music brings.

This is the sea that could not stay
The tides of men, that evermore
Rolled westward still and cleft its spray
With hollowed trunk and dauntless oar;
Here Grecian trireme reeled before
Rome's purple galley; here sea-kings
Left red on wave and blackened shore
The legends that sea-music brings.

Earth keeps not now the face she wore;
The smoke trails dusk, the wide white wings;
No longer as of old shall soar
The legends that sea-music brings.
—*Mortimer Wheeler.*

THE DINNER PARTY

BY EMMA A. OPPER.

"You'll come, won't you, my dear?" said Mrs. Bostwick, adjusting her velvet wrap as she arose, the long jets on her dress jingling softly. "There will be only ourselves and my future son-in-law, Mr. Gilman, and Mr. Samson, our pastor, and Eveline Gordon and her brother. Just an informal little dinner. I'll send the carriage for you; you mustn't fail me."

"And she called her lunch-party last month 'just a simple little affair,'" said Jessie, sitting down on a stool at her grandmother's feet, when she had gone; "and then how I felt in my old brown cashmere, among the satins and the diamonds! And I've nothing but my poor old pink thing for this. I oughtn't to keep it up, grandma. She's very kind, of course, but because she was a friend of Aunt Mary's isn't any reason why she should try to get Aunt Mary's poor little niece into society. And I can't afford it; and it would be easier for me if Mrs. Bostwick would stop inviting me. I don't know why she does!"

Grandma, smiling down fondly on the gentle grand-daughter whom she had brought up, thought she knew.

Even beyond Mrs. Bostwick's undoubted kindness of heart there were obvious reasons. An uncommonly bright and pretty girl was an attraction and addition in anybody's parlor and at anybody's table.

"Keep on if you enjoy it, dear," said grandma, kindly.

"I'll go tonight, because I've promised; and then I'm going to tell Mrs. Bostwick," said Jessie, bravely, "that I can't afford it."

She was a sensible girl, and she felt no regret for the decision, not even when she stood before her glass, that evening, in the "old pink thing," looking her prettiest and feeling her brightest.

The flowers at her corsage had cost more than she could well afford, and the bugled ruching crushed by her round chin had taken the last dollar in her purse, and she shook her yellow head at her attractive reflection.

"You look as gay as a new penny!" said grandma, admiringly. "And you call to mind—I wasn't thinking of it—but you take me right back to one night, summer before last, when we was out to your Uncle Joseph's. You was going down the road to some kind of doings, with the young folks, and you had a pink dress with some flowers stuck on, just as you've got now. S'pose you've forgot it?"

Jessie's face was lowered. It had grown red and warm, and her eyes were brightened, and yet softened.

Forgotten it? No; and she knew she never should forget it. The dress had been pink gingham, and the flowers some wilty little "Chinese-globe-flowers" that grew in Uncle Joseph's yard, and the occasion had been a "pound-party" at the little parsonage.

But it had been the happiest summer in her life. In the face of all the gaieties that had followed, Jessie confessed it.

She was only seventeen then, and Alfred Foster was twenty. He had lived next to Uncle Joseph's—a hard-working farmer's boy, tall, red-handed, brown-faced, and perhaps a little awkward. But he had fine eyes and a gentle voice, and far better manners than her cousins, Bob and Seldon, and they had won their way into Jessie's soft heart.

Had he cared for her? She did not know—only, coming home from the minister's that night, he had been hesitant and stammering. It had seemed as though he was half afraid to say; and when he left her at the door, he had pressed her hand very hard, and lingered a little.

And the next week they had come back to the city, and that had been the end.

Well, it had been a boy and girl affair at the best, and Jessie had tried to forget it. But she had never quite succeeded. And in the depths of her heart she had cherished a faint hope of meeting him again some time.

It was not likely, since Uncle Joseph had moved to Dakota. But the thought would come up now and then. She was thinking of it, dreamily, when Mrs. Bostwick's coachman left her at Mrs. Bostwick's imposing front door.

"You look charming!" said Mrs Bostwick, as she kissed her at the wide parlor door. "You'll captivate all the gentlemen. George sent a college friend, who is in the city temporarily, with a letter of introduction. And he is such a gentleman! I'd have given him over to you for dinner if I could have managed it."

They were in the big, bright room, and Jessie had nodded to pretty Miss Bostwick, and stood waiting quietly for introductions.

"Miss Brooks, Mr. Gilman—Mr. Samson—Mr. Foster," said Mrs. Bostwick, benignly.

And Jessie bowed.

But when she raised her eyes, she stood quite still, quite silent and motionless, save for her trembling hands.

Her heart seemed to have bounded up to her throat. She wondered whether she were not a little insane, or absurdly dreaming. It was Alfred Foster himself who had risen to greet her.

"Miss Brooks!" he exclaimed in frank delight.

And then Mrs. Bostwick took Mr. Samson's arm, and Mr. Gilman offered his to Jessie, and Alfred took charge of Eveline Gordon, and Miss Bostwick followed with young Mr. Gordon, and they went in to dinner.

Yes, it was Alfred!

If she had known ten minutes ago that she should meet him so soon, she would have felt nothing but gladness; but now, there was a dreary pain in her heart, a queer sense of loss.

It was he—he in a dress-suit, his hands no longer red nor his face brown—quiet, gentlemanly, low-voiced, and certainly the handsomest man at the table. And—George's college friend!

Of course there was but one explanation. Had somebody left him a fortune? or had they found an oil or gas well on the farm? Jessie wondered almost miserably, while her soup grew cold. It was something of the sort, surely.

Whatever it was, there was a great distance between them now. She was a poor girl, and he was—she did not know what; but he was no longer the simple-hearted, hard-working young farmer she had known.

She looked at him wistfully.

"I have met Mr. Foster before," she explained to Mr. Gilman, who, after a dozen observations and vague responses, had begun to stare at her.

"Ah!" he assented.

"He—was different then," said Jessie.

Mr. Gilman restored her dropped fan in wondering silence.

"It costs a good deal, doesn't it, to go to college?" said Jessie, timidly.

Mr. Gilman dissembled his bewilderment.

"Well, it depends, you know. You can do it economically, of course; but I guess I got away with three or four thousand during my four years."

Three or four thousand! Jessie gasped.

Across the table, Alfred Foster was trying to talk to Miss Gordon. His fine face was a little paler than its wont.

"Yes she is very pretty," said the young lady, mischievously, following the direction of the young man's gaze. "And you're deeply in love with her already. Confess it, Mr. Foster!"

"But you see, Miss Gordon, we are old friends," he explained. "And I haven't seen her in two years. And it doesn't look much as though I should see her again—not acceptably. She seems so much changed! Is she a very great society young lady?"

"I know her very slightly," said Miss Gordon, good-naturedly. "I know that Mrs. Bostwick is very fond of her."

"And Mrs. Gordon would not be apt to make a poor girl her protege!" Alfred reflected, gloomily. "She wasn't rich then, but——"

"I suppose she's no end of money?" he said, aloud, trying to say it lightly. "There wouldn't be any chance for a poor fellow like me?"

"I dare say not," said Miss Gordon, laughing, with unsuspicious eyes on the old pink gown, which was showy under the gaslight.

"And the gentleman talking to her?" said Alfred, with sober eyes on the two. "He's a millionaire, I suppose? and devoted to her?"

"Mr. Gilman?" said Miss Gordon, in enjoyment of his pleasant humor. "Oh, yes, Mr. Gilman is the richest young man in our set; but I've heard that he's become engaged lately—"

"Why, to Miss Brooks, of course!" Alfred supplemented, with a hollow laugh. "Nothing is more likely."

"It's quite probable," said Miss Gordon, laughing with him.

How it happened, Mrs. Bostwick, who was a model hostess, and a great schemer for the enjoyment of her guests, could not tell; but her pretty protege and George's handsome friend were separated during the entire evening.

She was sure they would have liked each other so much—a pretty girl and a nice young man. Why not?

She was decidedly provoked. And her provocation gave her courage for a somewhat bold stroke.

"I'm going to send the Gordons home in the carriage, and let Mr. Foster walk home with you," she whispered to Jessie, as the girl put on her wraps silently at rather an early hour; she had complained of a headache, and she did look pale. "It's a lovely night; it will do your head good, I'm sure."

And Jessie went down the moonlit street a moment later with her fluttering hand on Alfred Foster's arm.

"Did you have a good time, dear?" said grandma, sleepily, rousing from a doze as her granddaughter entered.

"Lovely!" cried Jessie, softly. "Do you know who was there, grandma? Alfred Foster. Do you want to hear all about it?"

She sat down, with her elbows on grandma's lap, and grandma listened bewilderedly.

"I mean," she said, breathlessly, "that we had a good time coming home; we had a miserable evening. You remember him, don't you, grandma?" And I've remembered him. But he looked so nice in a dress suit, and Mrs. Bostwick said he was a college friend of George's, and I thought of course he must have got suddenly rich or something, I didn't know what; but I didn't suppose he'd look at me, and I was just miserable."

She laughed a little happily.

"But he's only taking a two years' medical course—he always did want to be a doctor—and he's worked awfully hard for the money, and he says he economizes dreadfully. He's in the city to see about the prospects for settling here when he's through. And the dress suit wasn't his, poor fellow; George Bostwick had made him take his, for fear he'd need it. He said he'd meant to hunt me up when he got here. But do you know, grandma, that he was afraid of me, too? He thought—well, all kinds of ridiculous things. Wasn't it funny—both of us thinking so, and being just wretched all the evening?"

"Yes," said grandma, sympathetically. "And what now, child?"

"Well, he's—going to write to me," Jessie faltered.

"And he's going to settle here, said grandma, with a thoughtful premonition of the loss of her pretty granddaughter. "Well, well!"—*Saturday Night.*

Traffic in Nicotine Extract.

The Russian correspondent of the *North British Mail* says that during the last few months a new industry has sprung up in Russia in the form of nicotine extract. This product not only finds a sale in Russia, but is already exported in considerable quantities, especially to South America. The lees, obtained when preparing the tobacco leaf, have been used for a long time for destroying parasites on plants, and they have also been efficacious when applied as an antidote to the various skin diseases to which sheep are liable.

It has now, however, been discovered that this product affords a remedy for another destructive agent—namely the dry rot among sheep—and last autumn the Russian firm of Nikolai, Bogdanow & Co., started works in Moscow for the production of nicotine extract on a very large scale. Four to five poods of common Machorka tobacco yield only about one pood of the extract, but in such a concentrated form that a teaspoonful is sufficient for nearly two pints of water, and the works produce about fifty poods of the extract per diem. The Russian Government has decided to exempt this product from excise duty. Any other uses to which this nicotine may be applied, although not difficult to imagine, have not transpired.

California's Wealth of Minerals.

The report of the California Mining Bureau shows that 12,000 specimens are contained in its collection, which is the largest in the world. This collection reveals the presence in the state of valuable minerals besides the precious metals that California possesses. Among them are minerals for the manufacture of artificial cement, in large quantities, and of greater tensile strength than Portland cement, for which the United States pays foreign producers annually nearly $1,000,000. There are deposits of asbestos, of long, silky fibre, that can be woven into fireproof cloth; of building stone, granites, sandstones and marbles of all varieties. Mica, in large sheets, transparent and clear, and roofing slate, equal to any in the world, are also represented. The Bureau is asking for an appropriation for making a thorough geological survey of the state.—*New York Tribune.*

Chili's Aggressive Enterprise.

Chili is maintaining her reputation as the most enterprising nation in South America. Her latest progressive move was to contract for 10,000,000 ties and a quantity of timber from the region about Puget Sound. This material is to be used in constructing a transcontinental railroad through Chili and the Argentine Republic, and for building several new lines in the mining region and one up the coast into Peru. To make sure that the work will be well done the government is said to have engaged a number of American civil engineers and practical contractors. When the new lines are completed they will connect the silver mines of the Andes and the business centers of Peru with the principal paths of South American commerce.—*Chicago Herald.*

A BABY KING.

The Daily Life of Spain's Future Ruler.

The Blonde-haired Monarch and His Autocratic Nurse.

Very soon the exceedingly blue-blooded little gentleman who was born King of Spain will celebrate his third birthday. This Sovereign, who has been in the world little more than thirty months, and has succeeded in that brief space in calming the spirit of faction, rejoices in a vast variety of baptismal names in addition to the Alphonso by which he is to be known in history. He is, moreover, the "well-beloved son" of the Roman Pontiff; the "brother" of all other wearers of crowns; the cousin of the Spanish grandees; his mother, the Queen-Regent, speaks of him simply yet tenderly as "the child." Alphonso XIII is an exceedingly handsome little fellow, with blonde hair which falls in beautiful curls upon his shoulders. He is all gayety, light-heartedness, and smiles. His joyous little Majesty gives no thought to his exalted position or his future destinies. He reigns, but does not govern, leaving to his mother the care of signing every day great bundles of decrees and appointments. And when a uniformed Minister comes from the Queen's Chamber, carrying under his arm a portfolio stuffed with papers which have caused discussions, intrigues, and great political debates, his Majesty, from his nurse's arms, smiles upon him as though to say, "What has all that to do with me?"

King Baby already enjoys the glories of a military and a civil household. The generals and aides-de-camp of the late King Alphonso are attached to the service of the Queen; but technically they form his Majesty's military household. The civil establishment consists of the governess, Mme. Tacon, who held the same position toward the late King; the doctors who are attached exclusively to the royal person, two or three major-domos, a lady of honor, and several pages, footmen and servants. The famous monteros of Espinosa watch over the King's sleep, in an apartment adjoining the royal bed-chamber. The little monarch's life is very simple. He rises at an early hour, is bathed, dressed and handed over to the wet-nurse, who, in addition to the semi-maternal duties which there is no longer any necessity that she should fulfil, takes him out for airings and bears him in her arms at State ceremonies. The nurse, Raymunda, at night occupies a bed by the side of the royal crib. Directly the King is dressed he is taken to his mother, who impatiently awaits his arrival. He is sometimes present at the early morning audiences to Ministers and members of the royal family. His favorite amusement while Queen Christina is thus occupied is to strum upon the table with his chubby little fingers. Raymunda is a faithful creature, and is almost as fond of her charge as the Queen herself. Upon one occasion a great lady wished to see the King, and the Queen accompanied her to the youngster's apartments; but Raymunda barred the way. "You can't come in," was her peremptory decision; "he is asleep." The Queen and the Duchess retired smiling.

When the weather is fine the King drives out. Naturally he possesses his own carriage, with an equerry who gallops bravely by its side and forms the only escort. He dines alone at a well-garnished table. King Baby has only one trouble in life. It is a trouble which might drive some grown-up people to madness; but, since he is entirely unconscious of it, it does not worry him very much. The photographer is always on the lookout for him. Scarcely a week has passed since he was born without a demand from some fresh photographer to be allowed to take his portrait. He has been photographed standing, sitting, in his mother's arms, upon her lap, or holding her by the hand; with his hat on and his hat off; full-face, profile, and, in short, in every possible position. It is the ambition of every Madrid photographer to possess a negative of the King, since his portraits sell by thousands, not merely in Spain, but in most civilized countries. And this is not all. He has been painted in oil, he has been engraved and etched, and is the original of numberless miniatures.

Queen Christina experiences a great deal of difficulty in procuring for the little monarch those childish pleasures which are enjoyed by all children of less exalted rank. There is always the fear of causing jealousy; and there is ever intrigue to be reckoned with. There is no lady in Spain, however high her rank who would not be proud to say, "My boy has played with the king." Then there is that terrible Spanish etiquette; and it is almost impossible to prevent a youthful playmate from breaking the many regulations with which a Spanish King is hedged around. Usually, therefore, he is surrounded by grown-up people.—*St. James Gazette.*

Apprentice — Professor, what's the matter with makin' gold and gettin rich? Watchmaker—Oh, nothing, but you'll have to pay the market price for the material to make it with, you know.

Untravelled Authors.

A contributor to the *American Queen*, referring to one of America's brightest story tellers, says: "For a man who writes as well as he it is a shame to stick at home. What could he not accomplish if he would travel and see something?' Some one, commenting on this observation, remarks: "Very good, my friend; and yet the greatest poet that the world has produced was born at Stratford, lived for a few years in London, and died in Stratford. That was the extent of his travels. Spencer only went as far as Ireland and in the home of Raleigh wrote the "Faerie Queen." Cowley and Bacon wandered as far as France, but never farther. Ben Jonson, in a mania for seeing, accepted the position of tutor to Walter Raleigh's son, but by the time they had colored the city of Paris Jonson was satisfied that he had seen enough. Bunyan never went farther from Bedford than London. Defoe, though he travelled far in his books, never went beyond the borders of Scotland in the flesh. Pope's longest journey was to Bath. Swift's life as a traveller was spent between Dublin and London. Congreve never left England. Cowper never crossed a sea. Charles Lamb went to Paris once and once he went to Keswick to visit Coleridge." This is all very well, but these writers, if they did not travel far, kept their eyes wide open and studied human nature. An observing man who was never outside his country will know more about men than some men who have travelled all over the world.

A Plague of Linnets.

The only real injury that comes to the deciduous fruits in this region (and what farmer or horticulturist the world over does not have some difficulty to battle with?) is from the thousands of linnets, that are becoming as great a nuisance here as the sparrows are in the far Eastern States. The linnets destroy the buds on the fruit trees, and thus do injury to the crops. Last year in some localities birds caused an injury of fully one-fourth the fruit crop, and thus far this season it has been worse than ever. Now the only preventive is to poison the birds. During the past week I have killed over 350 linnets in this way, and if every fruit-grower would take the matter in hand we should soon be rid of them. The manner of poisoning the birds is this. Take apples, quarter them, and then make a hole in the quarters large enough for strychnine about the size of a pea. Then punch the fruit in twelve or fifteen places so that the strychnine can permeate every part of the fruit. Then place the quarters on the twigs of the trees so that the linnets can easily peck them and yet so high that the chickens cannot reach them. The poison acts almost immediately on the birds. I find that nearly all of them die within 100 feet of the poisoned apples and many within ten feet. If every orchardist hereabout will at once begin poisoning the linnets we shall be comparatively free from them for a long time. Care should be taken that the poisoned birds are quickly buried so that their bodies may not cause more poisoning.—*Pomona (Cal.) Progress.*

The Jelly Fish.

"People hardly ever stop to think that the masses of jelly-like matter that they so often see floating around the water at the seaside are alive, and have some feeling."

The speaker was a bright teacher who takes a great interest in natural history.

"The jelly fish," he continued, addressing a reporter of the Pittsburg *Despatch*, "is one of the primitive animals that has not lost its identity in the marvellous evolution of animal life. It possesses some power of sensation, but not much of anything else. I can't say that it has any semblance of a nervous system, but it has a low sort of instinct that leads it to avoid danger.

"As for digestive apparatus, it is really all stomach, and it lives by what it absorbs through numerous little pores from the water. In this respect it resembles a piece of dough in which one would stick pieces of food. If the dough had the power of assimilation it would be a second edition of the jelly fish."

Loved Features on Watch Dials.

"It is getting quite the thing, nowadays, for the dude clerks to carry their girls' pictures around with them engraved on their watch-cases,' said a New York jeweller to a *World* reporter.

"The pictures are put on by an entirely new process. Formerly they were photographed on the watch dials. By the new process the picture is put on the inside case or cap of the watch. Instead of being photographed the portrait is burned in.

"By this process the picture presents a soft, pleasing effect, preserving all the delicacy of the original. This process has only been known a short time, and the young men in the offices around here have taken quite a fancy to it, so our business is growing.

"It is a common thing to see the youths pull out their watches, open the back of the case and peer into it for several minutes. The uninitiated might suppose they were examining the works of the watch; but, instead of that, they are gazing at the features of their 'best.'"

THE COMING CENTENNIAL.

How Washington's Inauguration Will be Commemorated.

Notes Concerning the Parades and Exercises in New York.

The New York *Commercial Advertiser* says that the idea of the Washington Centennial, to commemorate the inauguration of Washington as the first President of the United States, originated with Colonel Peyton, of New Jersey, and through Clarence W. Bowen was finally brought to the attention of Elbridge T. Gerry, who went into the thing with intense enthusiasm and soon succeeded in interesting a number of prominent citizens.

The procession which escorted Washington to his inauguration was necessarily a small affair in point of numbers and display when compared with the demonstration which will be made in New York on April 30 and May 1. One hundred years ago the paraders assembled at the President's mansion in Cherry street, New York. Thence they marched along Queen street to the great dock and by Broad street to the scene of the inaugural ceremonies, where the Sub Treasury now stands.

The exercises at St. Paul's Church, it has been determined, must begin at nine o'clock of the morning of April 30, at which hour President Harrison will be present. The services will only occupy thirty minutes. The ground floor of the church seats 530 persons; 150 stools may be used in the aisles; the galleries seat 350, and there is standing room for 150 more. So there is accommodation in the church for 1250 and no more.

The literary exercises on the steps of the Sub-Treasury building are to follow immediately after the exercises at St. Paul's. These are considered by Mr. Gerry the most significant and interesting feature of the entire celebration, as they are directly commemorative of Washington's inauguration. These exercises will consist of an oration by Chauncey M. Depew, the reading of a poem by John Greenleaf Whittier and a ten-minute speech by President Harrison. The plan is to have these exercises concluded by twelve o'clock so that the great military parade may be started promptly at that hour.

The military parade (in which arrangements have been made by Colonel S. V. R. Cruger) will be an affair of vast magnitude. It is promised that 50,000 troops will be in line and that the entire National Guard of the State of New York will appear, something which has not occurred since the war. This parade will be reviewed from a grand stand to be erected on Madison Square and from five to six hours will be occupied in the passing of the troops.

It has been determined to make the parade of the New York State National Guard a compulsory one. This will have the double effect of adding to the impressiveness of the Washington centennial parade and of giving an ocular demonstration of the effective strength of the State militia.

The arrangements for fireworks provide for displays in the different parks on the night of April 30. The finest display will be in Madison Square, and the next best in City Hall Park, and the third in excellence in Bryant Park. The others will be in Bowling Green, Washington square, Tompkins square, Mount Morris Park, Fifty-ninth street and Eighth avenue, Eighty-sixth street and Avenue A and Washington Heights. They will all be more or less similar in character, each display to cost between $500 and $2500.

The naval display will occur on the morning of April 29, and will continue during the time of President Harrison's progress from the point of embarkation to the foot of Wall street, where he will be received by Governor Hill and Mayor Grant, precisely as Washington was received 100 years ago by Governor Clinton and Mayor Duane. The Navy Department at Washington has promised its earnest co-operation, and it is hoped that the display will far surpass anything which has ever been seen on the bay. The parade will occupy not more than two hours.

DYNAMITE IN THE STOVE.

A Father's Carelessness Kills His Wife, Son and Daughter.

A terrible dynamite explosion occurred ten miles east of Logansport, Ind., destroying the farmhouse of Aaron B. York, killing his wife and sixteen-year-old daughter, and fatally wounding his son. York purchased several sticks of dynamite, to be used in removing the stumps on his farm.

That morning he found that the dynamite was damp, and he promptly placed it in the oven of the kitchen stove. His wife was cooking breakfast at the time, and there were four children in the house. York went out to look after his stock, but was not more than fifty feet from the house when the explosion occurred. The house was razed to the ground. Mrs. York and her daughter Victoria were killed. Cornelius York, a son, was mutilated in a horrible manner and fatally hurt. One little girl of four years and a baby of eight months were taken from the ruins unhurt.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Jay Gould has taken to wearing spectacles.

Ex-King Milan of Servia is quite an orator.

Secretary Blaine is the only college graduate in the Cabinet.

The hair of King Otho of Bavaria recently turned white in a night.

Henry George, the land tax advocate, is making a great stir in England.

The Princess of Wales inherits her unfortunate deafness from her mother.

Secretary Windom had his early training in good old-fashioned Quaker schools.

Robert Bonner, proprietor of the New York *Ledger*, is sixty-four years old.

Postmaster-General Wanamaker has four children, two sons and two daughters.

The Governor General of Canada, Lord Stanley, has seven children—all boys but one.

Jesse Grant, the youngest son of General Grant, has bought a large farm in California.

Mr. Balfour, the Chief Secretary for Ireland, has bought 4000 acres of land in New Zealand.

Thomas Nast, the artist, has accepted a place on the San Francisco *Examiner* as cartoonist extraordinary.

Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris, under the will of her father-in-law, comes into a fortune of about $750,000.

Michael Lee, the new President of the City Council at Omaha, Neb., was formerly a hotel porter and bootblack.

The grief of the Emperor and Empress of Austria over the death of their son Prince Rudolf, is said to be uncontrolable.

Ex Senator Tabor, of Colorado, began life under Secretary Proctor, working for some time in his marble quarries in Vermont.

John D. Archbold, of the Standard Oil Trust, who has a fortune of $10,000,000, was, twenty-two years ago, a poor laborer in the oil fields.

Chauncey M. Depew, President of the New York Central Railroad, has accepted an invitation to deliver the oration at the Yale Law School commencement in June.

Signor Crispi, the Italian Prime Minister, is short, compactly built, white-haired, gray-mustached, with a round, well-balanced head, a firmly set mouth and a pair of keen, quick eyes.

Redfield Proctor, the Secretary of War, is the father of four children, the oldest of whom, Colonel Fletcher D. Proctor, is his father's right-hand man and the superintendent of his business.

At the London Stuart Exhibition the other day: "If I had been Mary Queen of Scots," said the Empress Frederick, of Germany, "I would have been beheaded three times over during last year."

Parnell, the Irish leader, pays strict attention to his diet, avoiding meats as far as possible. At luncheon his only refreshment very often is a glass of hot water into which a lemon has been squeezed.

STANLEY MATTHEWS.

Death of a United States Supreme Court Justice.

The Hon. Stanley Matthews, Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court, who has been seriously ill for some time past, died at 10.30 o'clock in the morning at his home in Washington City.

When the Supreme Court met the chair which had been occupied by Justice Matthews was draped in black. When the Justices had taken their seats and the Marshal had opened the court, Chief Justice Fuller announced that the court had just heard of the death of Justice Matthews, and that therefore no business would be transacted that day. The Marshal declared the court adjourned until the following Tuesday.

Stanley Matthews was born in Cincinnati, July 21, 1824. He was graduated at Kenyon College in 1840, studied law and was admitted to the Bar, settling in Maury County, Tenn. He shortly after returned to Cincinnati. He became editor of the Cincinnati *Herald*, the first daily anti-slavery paper in that city.

In 1851 he became Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in Hamilton County, was State Senator in 1855, and in 1858-61 was United States Attorney for the southern district of Ohio.

He served with distinction in the Union Army during the war, but resigned his commission as Colonel in 1863 to become Judge of the Supreme Court in Cincinnati.

He was a Presidential elector on the Lincoln-Johnson ticket in 1864 and on the Grant-Colfax ticket in 1868. He was defeated as Republican candidate for Congress in 1876 and in the next year was one of the counsel before the celebrated Electoral Commission, opening the argument in behalf of the Republican electors of Florida and making the principal argument in the Oregon case.

In March, 1877, he was elected United States Senator in place of John Sherman, who had resigned.

In 1881 he was appointed Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court by President Hayes, just before the latter vacated his office. Mr. Matthews's nomination was not acted on, and he was renominated by President Garfield. His appointment was confirmed by the Senate on May 12, 1881.

The Funeral Service.

Funeral services over the remains of the late Associate Justice Stanley Matthews were held at the family residence, corner of Connecticut avenue and N street, Washington. The remains lay in the music room, adjoining the reception room on the south, and the apartment was almost filled with flowers. The casket was cloth covered, with silver rails and handles, and on the cover was a silver plate bearing the inscription: Stanley Matthews, born July 21, 1824, died March 22, 1889.

The face and bust of the deceased were exposed to view and presented a lifelike aspect. On the casket were bunches of Easter lilies and lilies of the valley.

There were in attendance a large number of prominent persons in all ranks of official life, besides many family friends in the private walks of life. Among the earliest arrivals were the members of the Supreme Court, who had seats in the room where the bier stood. In this room were also the President and Vice-President, members of the Cabinet and the family.

The services, which were conducted by Rev. T. S. Hamlin, of the Church of the Covenant, pastor of the deceased, and Rev. Dr. Leonard, rector of the St. John's Episcopal Church, were brief. The remains were taken to the Baltimore and Ohio station, whence they were conveyed to Glendale, Ohio, for interment in Spring Grove Cemetery.

TWO BROTHERS HANGED.

Timothy and Peter Barrett Strangled on the Same Scaffold.

Timothy and Peter Barrett have been hanged at Minneapolis, Minn., for the murder of Thomas Tollefson, July 26, 1887. The drop fell at 11:13 A. M.

The crime for which they suffered death was the murder of Driver Thomas Tollefson of the Cedar avenue street car line, July 26, 1887. About 12:30 o'clock on the night mentioned, when the car was in the suburbs on its last trip, three men boarded it, and, holding revolvers to the head of the driver, demanded the cash box. He refused to give it up and was shot twice and killed. The murderers then fled, carrying the box with them. They secured but $20. Some weeks later Henry, alias "Reddy," Barrett was arrested on suspicion and finally confessed to the details of the murder, implicating his two brothers, Timothy and Peter Barrett, who were tried for the murder and sentenced to death.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

Tragedian Bandmann has closed his tour.

Mary Anderson's favorite game is chess.

Verdi says he intends to write no more operas.

Minnie Palmer, the actress, is a native of Philadelphia.

Margaret Mather is now one the best paying stars on the road.

Dion Boucicault, the playwright, was born in Dublin, Ireland, in 1822.

W. J. Florence will act with Jefferson next season on percentage, not salary.

The London critics agree that Richard Mansfield's Richard III. is a great success.

Ludwig, the world-famed baritone, was once a choir boy in a little Catholic Church in Dublin.

Pauline Hall, the opera bouffe artist, is quite ill in New York from diphtheritic sore throat.

Materna, the German prima donna, is styled by the Brussels press "The Musical Elocutionist."

Harrigan and Hart are again friends, and will probably act together at Harrigan's New York theatre next season.

Anton Sylva, the tenor, has been engaged at the Berlin Opera, at a salary of $6250 for the season of four months.

Mrs. Rosa M. Leland, widely known as a theatrical manager, died in Albany, N. Y., a few days ago of nervous prostration.

Mrs. James Brown Potter has decided to add "Camille" to her repertory, and at present is busily engaged in studying the role.

Joseph Jefferson's personal recollections, written by himself and edited by a personal friend, will be published in the autumn.

Mme. Emy Fursch-Madi Verle, the singer, recovered a verdict for $11,100 against the American School of Opera in the New York Supreme Court.

Francis Wilson, comic opera favorite, has been discharged from the New York Casino Company by Manager Aronson for insubordination and breach of discipline.

John W. Norton, the St. Louis actor and manager under whose tuition Mary Anderson developed, has a new tragedienne in training. Frankie Davids is her name and Louisville is her place of habitation.

Enrico Tamberlik, the greatest tenor of the century, has just died at Rome, Italy, aged sixty-nine. He was the contemporary of Rubini and Mario, and has had no equal in such operas as "Il Poliuto" and "William Tell."

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates, see first pag

Communications relative to any of the interests of the Albemarle District solicited.

THE WAY TO EMINENCE.

There never was a time, in the whole history of this country, when the way to eminence was as clear, as unobstructed, as obviously indicated by practical facts as it is to day. There never was a more singular exhibition of the inability of the average mind to grasp a truth which is large, though simple, than the universal failure of young men of fine natural ability, high ambition and abundant opportunity, to achieve the public distinction which they are ready to make the one object of their lives.

But, with the path lying directly in front of them, broad and straight and easy, they turn aside into crooked alleys and devious by-ways, and sacrifice what might easily be a national renown, for some tinseled bit of local popularity, or some faint round of applause from the unthinking. There are men in every community to-day who might easily rise to a National reputation if they could only understand that, in politics as in business, it pays in the long run to be honest.

THE WEST VIRGINIA MATTER.

The *Graphic* calls attention to the fact that some of the Democratic papers are beginning to see the folly of West Virginia Democrats in trying to steal the Governorship of that State on admitted technicalities. The Brooklyn *Eagle* is one of this type of journals and openly declares its belief that General Goff is as much entitled to the Governorship as Mr. Cleveland was to the vote of that State.

The *Eagle* advises that West Virginia Democrats recognize Goff as Governor, and further says that "on the admitted facts, President Harrison should order the officials of the Federal Government, in any dealings which that Government may have with the officials of the Commonwealth of West Virginia, to recognize and deal with Nathan Goff as Governor of West Virginia." That is very fair and sound and sensible advice.

Bishop Theodore B. Lyman of this State has discoverd a new and hitherto unsuspected virtue in the peanut For nearly two years he had suffered from insomnia. About a fortnight ago he ate freely of fresh roasted peanuts before retiring, and enjoyed the best sleep he had had for months. He has tried the experiment repeatedly since, and has found it efficacious every time.

This encouraging sign of the time is from the Wheeling *Intelligencer*: "Unpromising as the field has seemed to be for the growth of Republican principles the *Intelligencer* has not doubted that the solid South can be split on the straight issue between free trade and protection. It is but one step further to vote for protection.

The Detroit Tribune says that the farmers of the country can now go into the sheep growing business without feeling that they themselves are going to be fleeced. The wool industry is going to be protected as long as the Republican party lives and after that—well, it is useless to look a hundred years ahead.

Here are the figures in a nutshell. The entire expenses of the Government, including all appropriations under the Cleaveland administration were $1,101,209,368. During the four years preceeding under Republican administration, the entire expenditures were $944,13,906. Balance in favor of Republican efficiency and economy $156,895,457.

When the farmer reaches that stage when he is compelled to borrow, or depend on some income from another source, his farm is unprofitable and he should then endeavor not only to discover the cause of the loss, but also aim to improve in some manner, in order that the farm may be self supporting.

Says a prominent clergyman: "I don't expect to see the millennium but I shall be quite satisfied if I live to see the day when there will be as many churches as grogshops in the country."

Prince Bismark appears to have thrown away considerable good money on the German spy sent over to America to look up our coast fortifications, The spy didn't find any.

The *Philadelphia Ledger* facetiously says that the office should seek the man but he has to dodge him a great deal nowadays.

The late Democratic Legislature increased the taxes from 20 to 25 cents on the $100, and from 60 to 75 cents on the poll.

The trouble with the democratic party at election time, was that it was long on leaders but short on followers.

President Harrison knows how to [illegible]

FARMERS, ATTEND TO BUSINESS.

There are frequent losses, disappointments and defeats on farms, which are attributed to luck. And, in a sense, it is so, as nearly every man is maker of his own luck, whether it be good or bad. And this is the season of the year when most frequently bad luck comes home to the farmer Without success with the young pigs, lambs, calves and colts, no farmer can prosper.

It is useless to say if the farmer deals at this season of the year largely in neglect, ignorance and laziness, bad luck will come to his farm and house, for his is the home congenial to bad luck. A careful farmer who expects to succeed, and who deserves success, knows each and every day the condition of animals on his farm. This is the season of increase, and it is the business of the farmer to be at home every day and on the alert. He should know where each animal is, its condition, and the situation of its quarters.

These are especially the months when farmers ought to stay at home. Trust not matters at such times to boys or hired hands, Not only do all you know for the successful care and treatment of animals coming in, but study to know all you ought to, as the owner and manager of a farm. A man is nearly as culpable for not knowing what to do, and how to do it, as he is for neglecting his duty when he knows it.

A man who has been farming five or ten years, who says he does not know how to do these things, or to care properly for animals, ought to be ashamed of his stupidity. Learn your business or quit it, and do something which only requires a drudge.

If the South will follow the lead of its popular opinion, then the Carlises and the Millses will be retired, and the people's cause will be put in the hands of Northern Democrats, who alone can settle the difficulty.—*Richmond Times.*

The South can only follow the protection banner by voting the Republican ticket. The remedy suggested by the *Times* for Democratic defeat is insufficient.

LITERARY NOTICES.

Frank Leslies Popular Monthly for April contains an admirable historical and anecdotal article with illustrations on Washington's Inauguration. It cannot fail to be in general demand at this centennial period, when President Harrison is preparing to join the commerative celebration by traveling to New York over the same route taken by our first President one hundred years ago. Another seasonable article is Ensign Wilkinson's account of "Samoa, and the troubles there". Dion Boucicault in his contribution entitled "Going on the Stage", gives a charming gossipy account of the work of training young actors and actresses of Mr. Palmer's Madison Square School of Acting, of which the veteran author actor is the head. The Illustrations for this article are drawn by Mr. Matt Morgan Outing and travel are represented by "A Fortnight in Saville", and "A Virginia Journey" from Jefferson's Rock (Harper's Ferry) to Monticello, by Henry Tyrrell; also by Prof. D. P. Todd's scientific account of "An American Eclipse Expedition in the Orient," Elizabeth Sharp's characterization of "Dinah Muloch Mrs Craik") deserves an appreciative reading. The serial and short stories, literary essays, poems, biographical and natural history sketches, humeraus verse, and above all, the art illustrations, are profuse and varied, more than sustaining the great reputation of the POPULAR MONTHLY.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, March 29, 1889

The President is being complimented on all sides for the excellence of his appointments made this week. Among them are the following: Robt. T. Lincoln son of the late President Lincoln and Secretary of War under Garfield, to be Minister to England; Murat Halstead, editor of that staunch old republican paper, the Cincinnati *Commercial Gazette*, to be Minister to Germany; Allen Thorndike Rice, of New York, editor of the *North American Review*, to be Minister to Russia; Patrick Egan, of Nebraska, formerly President of the Irish National League, of America, to be Minister to Chili; Thomas, of Kansas, who has just retired from the House of Representatives, to be Minister to Mexico; John Hicks, of Wisconsin, to be Minister to Peru; Ex Congressman Loring, of Massachusetts, to be Minister to Portugal

Through some unexpected delay the President's proclamation opening to settlement a part of Okiahoma Territory was not issued until Wednesday. It names 12 o'clcok, April 22nd., as the earliest date that the new land can be occupied. The General land Office has perfected arrangements for dividing the land opened to settlement, into two districts, the Eastern office to be located at Guthrie, and the Western at King Fisher stage station.

Secretary Windem has appointed M. E. Bell, formerly Supervising Architect of the Treasury, to be Superintendent of public buildings at Chicago. He has also removed R. Lancaster, surveyor of the port of St. Louis, and recommonded J O Churchill for the position.

First Assistant Postmaster-General Clarkson is beginning to get in his work on the $5,000 fourth-class postmasters and the heads are beginning to fall at a very rapid rate.

The President made a popular step when he nominated "Corporal" Tanner to succeed Gen. Black as commissioner of Pensions. It shows a recognition of the rank and file that is highly gratifying.

Recognizing the fact that the troubles in our Railway Mail Service were largely brought about by the removals of experienced [illegible] in that [illegible]

Postmaster General Wanamaker has put a number of old officials back into their old positions.

Since the advent of the present administration, Mondays are spoken of by the politicians as "Blue Monday", because the President has reserved that one day in the week for himself and refuses to see any office-seeker.

The newspaper men of the Republican party have no right to complain of the recognition they have received from this administration. The President evidently knows that there is no danger of making a mistake in selecting a newspaper man to fill any position, no matter how important it may be. Let the good work go on, the hard working profession cannot receive more than it is entitled to from the Republican party.

A Dialogue.

Editor CAROLINIAN:

The following Dialogues took place not a hundred miles from Mackey's Ferry.

BEFORE ELECTION.

Colored Voter. Well boss, how is de 'lection gwine dis time?

Wet-blanket Republican. Well I think Cleveland will be elected The Republican party will be dead after this election.

G. V. Ded or no' ded, I shel vote fer Harrison, an' don't you furgit it.

W. B. I don't know how to vote. Cleveland has made a veay good President.

AFTER ELECTION.

Colored Voter. Well boss, how 'bout de 'publican party bein' ded now?

Wet-blanket Republican. Oh we whipped 'em out badly, and our Nation is safe from Democratic misrule four years more. Now don't you think I'm entitled to an office for what I did for the party?

C. V. Ob co'se 'siderin' you didn't 'no how to vote.

A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life.

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast, continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For fuller particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, Druggist, Fort Smith. Trial bottles of this wonderful Discovery free at A. Wadsworth's Drug store.

Neuralgic Persons

And those troubled with nervousness resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking *Brown's Iron Bitters.* Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

AVOCA.

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NORTH CAROLINA HEALTH AND SPORTING RESORT.

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OPENING EXERCISES,
APRIL 23, 24, 25, 26 & 27, 1889.

PROGRAMME:

TUESDAY, APRIL 23.

Prayer of Invocation—Rev. R. B. Drane. Welcome Address—Hon. W. D. Pruden. Response—Gov. D. G. Fowle. Formal Opening Speech—Col R. B. Creecy. Song—Choir of Colored Singers. Dinner.

Afternoon—Boat Race on the Bay Night—Grounds lighted with torches and bonfires. Address—Col Marshal McDonald. Song by Band of Negroes. Clambake and Oyster Roasts. Editorial Banquet.

WEDNESDAY, 24.

At Daylight, Fox Chase, Byron Hounds. Breakfast. Music. Addresses—Gov. T. J Jarvis, Col. Harry Skinner, Col. L. L. Polk. Military Parade. Dinner. Afternoon—Races at Avoca Track; Fish supper, old time style; Steamboat Excursion to Light House; Ball,

THURSDAY, 25

Visit to Fisheries. Addresses—Senator Vance, Auditor Sanderlin, Henry W. Grady. Dinner. Boat Racing and Sailing. Evening—Addresses—Senator Ransom, Captain S. A, Ashe, Col Julian Allen. Fish Supper. Dancing. Moonlight Sailing.

FRIDAY, 26.

Day Break Fox Chase; Single Scull Racing Sailing. Addresses—Josephus Daniels, S. B. Alexander. W. P. Roberts. Afternoon—Horse Racing and Trotting Matches; Bag Race for boys and other amusements announced during the week. Farewell Supper.

Grand Excursion to Roanoke Island, Saturday 27,

The Hotel will remain open to guests until May 15th, and amusements consisting of Horse Races, Fox Chases, Boat Races, Excursions to the various hunting and fishing grounds will take place daily until the closing day, May 15th.

Reduced rates on all Railroads and Steamboat lines.

COMMITTEES.

Programme—L L. Polk, Spurgeon Vann, A. M. Moore, F. M. Grice, J. W. Perry.

Invitation—W. L Saunders, P. M. Wilson, R. S. Tucker Oct. Coke.

Arrangement—J. B. Martin, Palemon John, W. A. Buell, B. A. Capehart, Col. Harry Skinner, Col. B S. Parbee.

Entertainment—F. G. Wood, W. B. Sheppard, J. E. Nichols, J. R. B Hathaway, E H. Walk, E. F. Lamb, F. F. Cohoon, J. Wynns.

Transportation—F. W. Glark, Sol Haas, J. H. B gart, M. K King, J. L Roper.

Ball—Cullen C Tucker, J G Wood, Dr R Dillard, Dr W B Hathaway, Dr B A Capehart.

OFFICERS

Chief Marshall, Benehan Cameron Superintendent Race, Mathew White Superintendent Fox Chase, Thomas Webb Superintendent Rowing Race, D[illegible] Superintendent Yacht Race, I C Bond.

Splendidly "Suaviter In Modo"

From The Chicago News.

Secretary Windom is a wonderful man. He has discovered a polite way of declining to appoint people to office which pleases the applicants nearly or quite as well as the tender of a good official position It would be difficult to mention a more remarkable feat than this. It appears that Mr. Windom is so bland, so sympathetic, and so graceful, all at once, that the applicant forgets what he came after and only longs for permission to die for the captivating Secretary of the Treasury at his own expence Mr. Windom is a genius and he deserves to live forever.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS Cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Nervousness, and General Debility. Physicians recommend it. All dealers sell it. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

A pastor some time since sought financial help for an important charity. Among those whom he asked to give some thing was a lady who, unfortunately, bore a vinegary face. She declined to give money, but promised to "lend her countenance" to the cause. He retired in dismay

The commissioners of Pamlico county, or some of its citizens, have instituted proceedings to stop the collection of taxes to pay the indebtedness of that county to Craven, and have a referee appointed to ascertain the amount of said indebtedness.

TRUTH.

IT seems strange that anyone will continue to suffer from the effect of malaria, blood poison, soreness of the liver and kidneys, rheumatism, etc., when there is a cure within the reach of all. It has never failed to give complete satisfaction, curing safely, surely and quickly every symptom of ill health resulting from a state of blood impurity. From its use pimples and sores rapidly get well, aches and pains subside, weakness, stiff joints, swollen limbs, dyspepsia, want of appetite all disappear. It is called Botanic Blood Balm, made in Atlanta, Ga., and has long been the favorite remedy of the South. It is a perfectly safe blood remedy and general tonic, and much quicker in its action than medicine usually administered by physicians, for while nearly the same ingredients *might* be prescribed, it hardly possible the same ingredients in the strength and same quantity *would* be used; and herein is the superiority of B. B. B. over all blood medicines in the world, as is evidenced by the remarkable testimony given by those who have been cured even when all other treatment uterly failed. Read the following:

HAWKINSVILLE, GA., Feb. 26, 1887.

THIS is to certify that my wife has been in bad health for eight years. After trying five doctors and six or seven **WEAKNESS** different patent medicines six bottles of your B. B. B. has cured her.

JAMES W. LANCASTER.

B. B. B.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., July 2, 1887.

I have had catarrh of the head for six years. I went to a noted doctor and he treated me for it, but could not cure me, he said. I was over fifty years old, and I gave up to die. I had distressing **CATARRH** cough; my eyes were swollen, and I am confident I could not have lived without a change. I sent and got one bottle of your medicine, used it, and felt better. Then I got four more, and, thank God, it cured me. Use this any way you may wish for the good of sufferers.

MRS. MATILDA NICHOLS,
22 Florida Street.

B. B. B.

MAXEY, GA., Jan. 3, 1886.

FOR twelve years I suffered from secondary and tertiary blood poison. My face and shoulders became a mass of corruption and the disease began to eat my skull bones. It was said I must surely die, but I tried a bottle B. B. B. with benefit, and using eight or ten bottles more I became sound and well, and have been so for twelve months. Hundreds **BLOOD POISON** of scars can be seen on me, and I extend heartfelt thanks for so valuable a remedy.

ROBERT WARD.

We know Robert Ward and that he has been cured by Botanic Blood Balm. A. T. Brightwell, W. C. Birchmore, & Co., J. H. Brightwell, John T. Hart, W. B. Campbell.

B. B. B.

WAYNESBORO, MISS., July 14, 1887.

MY sister was afflicted for a number of years with boils scattered about all over her person. They would make their appearance every spring and last through the summer and late in the fall. Her health was sadly impaired, **BOILS** losing flesh and strength every day; in fact, they were sapping her life. I gave her one bottle of B. B. B., and the effect was like magic, producing a complete cure and restoring her health. To-day she is perfectly sound and her health fully restored. It is without doubt the best and most valuable Blood Purifier now on the market.

D. M. MCRAE.

B. B. B.

I suffered untold misery for years from inflammatory rheumatism, and could find nothing to cure or relieve me. I finally made up my mind to make one more effort **RHEUMATISM** to rid myself of the terrible affliction, and it now affords me the greatest pleasure of my life to state to the citizens of Smith county that I am entirely cured, with no trace of the disease left, and all effected by the magic healing properties of B. B. B., which I consider the grandest, purest and most powerful blood remedy known to man. I have been subject to imflammatory attacks since ten years of age.

JOHN M. DAVIS, Tyler, Texas.

B. B. B.

FOR five years I have been suffering with a weak back from result of an injury received, attended by rheumatism. I had to give up my regular business and take the position of night-watchman. I have derived great relief and benefit by using Botanic Blood Balm, and have regained my strength sufficiently to resume my regular work. I think Botanic **WEAK BACK** Blood Balm has given me permanent relief. I am now able to perform work that I have not had strength to to do for five years, and cheerfully endorse B. B. B., which has proven to be the only medicine that will give me relief.

OLIVER SECOR,
114 Streeper St., Baltimore. Md.

B. B. B.

ALAPAHA, GA., June 22, 1887.

I had suffered from dyspepsia, for over fifteen years, and during that time tried every thing I could hear of, and spent over $200 in doctors' bills without receiving the slightest benefit. Indeed, I continued to grow worse. Finally, after I despaired of obtaining relief, a friend recommended B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm), and I began using it; not, however, expecting to be benefitted. After using a half bottle I was satisfied **DYSPEPSIA** that I was being benefitted, and when the sixth bottle was taken I felt like a new man. I would not take $1,000 for the good it has done me; in fact, the relief I derived from it is priceless. I firmly believe that I would have died had I not taken it.

(8) THOMAS PAUL.

A $5 Book For $1.00. How To Build A House.

If you are thinking of building a house you ought to buy the new book, Palliser's American Architecture, or every man a complete builder, prepared by Palliser, Palliser & Co., the well known architects. There is not a Builder or any one intending to Build or otherwise interested that can afford to be without it. The best, cheapest and most popular work ever issued on Building. Nearly four hundred drawings. A $5 book in size and style, but we have determined to make it meet the popular demand, to suit the times, so that it can be easily reached by all. This book contains 104 pages 11 x 14 inches in size, and consists of large 9 x 12 plate pages giving plans, elevations, perspective views, descriptions, owners' names, actual cost of construction, no guess work, and instructions How to Build, 70 Cottages, Villas, Double Houses, Brick Block Houses, suitable for city suburbs, town and country, houses for the farm and workingmen's homes for all sections of the country, and costing from $300 to $6,500; also Barns, Stables, School House, Town Hall, Churches, and other public buildings, together with specifications, form of contract, and a large amount of information on the erection of buildings, selection of site, employment of Architects. It is worth $5.00 to any one, but I will send it in paper cover by mail postpaid on receipt of $1.00; bound in cloth, $2.00. Address all orders to J. S. OGILVIE, Publisher, P. O. Box 2767. 57 Rose Street, New York.

EAGLE HOTEL,
HERTFORD, N. C.
JOSEPH S. LONG, PROPRIETOR.
—0—

New Furniture, New Servants and everything First Class.

Free Hack to and from the Depot to Passengers stopping at Hotel.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of "JOHN H. ZIEGLER" as heretofore.

We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor

A full supply of Metalic Coses, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand,

March 6, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLER.
FRED. H. ZIEGLER.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA—Pasquotank County.

F. W. Lowry and Others vs. Mordicai Price and Others!

The defendants will take notice that the plaintiffs will, within twenty days from the date hereof, file in the office of the Board of County Commissioners a petition to open a Road from Wilson Creek Bridge across Newbegun Creek to Crocker Hill, and the said defendants are required to appear before the said Board of Commissioners at their meeting on the first Monday in May next and show cause why the prayer of the petitioners should not be granted.

March 6th, 1889.

F. W. LOWRY & Others, Plaintiffs.

IT'S TIME

You began to think of your Fall Trading friend, and when you think of that, you are think of

Moses Weisel's Stock,

which offers everything in the choice of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, etc., that can delight the eye or please the heart of the buyer,

MOSES WEISEL'S QUOTATIONS

Are the lowest that can be made on all kinds of goods, the lowest prices are promised to every buyer, and I will see that the promise holds good. If you are wise

YOU WON'T LOSE A MINUTE,

But hustle right off and get the pick of the nice New Goods that are offered at

MOSES WEISEL'S,
Corner Main & Water sts, Elizabeth City

NEW ALBEMARLE HOUSE,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
FRANK M. GRICE, Prop'r.

TERMS: $2. & $2 50 Per Day

The attention of the traveling public is invited to this large and elegant Hotel. It has been refitted and made first class. It is centrally located, within a block of the telegraph and post offices, and convenient to the railroad and steamboat The Proprietor will spare no effort to make the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for his patrons. The rooms are large well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best.

J. H. HARRIS.
—WITH—
CALEB HALEY & CO
Wholesale Commission Commission Dealers in all kinds of

FRESH FISH.
14 FULTON MARKET,
NEW YORK

The sale of North Carolina Shad a Specialty, Stencils and Stationary on application.

Ask your Grocer for

PATAPSCO
196
SUPERLATIVE
PATENT
C.A.GAMBRILL.MFG.Co
BALTIMORE

THE
Premier Flour
OF AMERICA.

The C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING COMPANY begs to refer Flour dealers and consumers to above cut of our well known brand "PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT," and respectfully asks them to see that the word "PATAPSCO" and name of the Company are on every package. Flour branded only "Superlative Patent." is not manufactured by us.

FOR SALE BY J. B. FLORA.
C. A. GAMBRILL MFG CO. Baltimore

$93 Sewing-Machine FREE To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send free to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send free a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after 2 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the Singer patents, which have run out; before patents run out it sold for $93, with the attachments, and now sells for $50. Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure free the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.

C. T. Lanphear. [illegible] Haff.

LANPHEAR & HAFF,
Wholesale Commission Dealers
In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,
Etc., Etc.
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET,
NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty, No Agents.

HINCHMAN SON & CO,
Wholesale Commission Dealers
FRESH FISH, GAME, TERRAPIN, Etc.
7 & 8 DOCK STREET WHARF,
PHILADELPHIA PA.

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H. M. ROGERS. A. M. ROGERS. H. C. ROGERS

H. M. ROGERS & CO.
Wholesale Commission Dealers
IN
All Kinds of Fish.

11 Fulton Fish Market & 207 Front St
NEW YORK.
Warehouse & Cold Storage, 207 Front St,
SHAD A SPECIALTY

O. S. HARDING & CO.
Wholesale Commission Dealers in
FRESH FISH
Game and Terrapin,
Nos 9 & 10 Dock Street Wharf,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Consignments solicited and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.

S. T. SKIDMORE.
Wholesale Commission Dealer
—IN ALL KINDS OF—
Fresh Fish.
142 & 144 BEEKMAN STREET.
NEW YORK.

C. G. LINDER. J. A. LINDER
C. G. LINDER & BRO,
SUCCESSORS TO A. B. HIGBIE & CO.,
Commission Merchants and Wholesale DEALERS IN
FRESH FISH,
GAME & TERRAPIN
39, 31, 40 & 41 Dock Street Wharf,
Philadelphia, Pa.

S. L. STORER & CO.,
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
Fresh Fish,
LOBSTERS, TURTLE, ETC,
19 Fulton Fish Market,
New York.

Stencils and Stationery furnished on application.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS
WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS
And Dealers in Fish,
RICHMOND, VA.

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Caroina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

SAMUEL B. MILLER. CLARENCE G. MILLER
S B. MILLER & CO,
WHOLESALE COMMISSION
FISH DEALERS,
NO. 7 FULTON MARKET?
NEW YORK

Shad a Specialty.

$85 Solid Gold Watch. Sold for $100. until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free, and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.

JACOB SALOMONSKY
—0—0—
The Grandest Display of

CLOTHING
—and—
DRESS GOODS

Ever Brought to Elizabeth City

The Stock is complete in every way, comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASSIMERES NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the *Very Lowest Prices.*

His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,
STORE ON WATER STREET,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

J. W. WHARTON,
WHOLESALE
COMMISSION DEALER,
IN FRUIT, PRODUCE, FISH
Oysters, Terrapin, Poultry,
Eggs, Game, &c., In Season
No. 5 S. Delaware Avenue Market
FOOT OF DOCK STREET
PHILADELPHIA

Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly.

ICE AND COAL!

Rawlins, Whitehurst & Co.

continue to supply ICE both in large and small quantities,

We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.
4-tf.

FRED DAVIS
Agent

H. HILGARTNER SONS
STEAM
Marble & Granite Works
MONUMENTS, ETC.

Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.

526 & 528 West Baltimore
BALTIMORE, MD.
—0—0—
J. H. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Elizabeth City, N. C.
L. F. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Edenton, N. C.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN'S
TREATMENT BY INHALATION.
TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and *all chronic and Nervous Disorders.*

—0—

"The Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs Starkey & Palen, No. 1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., have been using for the last 17 years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of Oxygen and Nitrogen *magnetized*, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen have the liberty to refer to the following named well known persons who have tried their Treatment: Hon. W. D. Kelley Member of Congress, Philadelphia; Rev. Victor A. Conrad, Editor Lutheran Observer, Phila.; Hon. Wm. Penn Nixon, Editor Inter-Ocean, Chicago, Ill; W. H. Worthington, Editor of New South, Birmingham, Ala.; Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, Melrose, Mass.; Judge R. S. Voorhees, New York City Frank Siddall, Merchant, Phil.; Fidelia M. Lyon, Sandwich Islands; Alexander Richie, Inverness, Scotland; Emma Cooper Utilla, Spanish Honduras, M. V. Ashbrook, Red Bluff Cal; James Moore, Sup't Police, Blandford, Dorsetshire, England; Jacob Ward, Bowral, New South Wales, and thousands of others in every part of the United States,

"*Compound Oxygen—its Mode of Action and Results,*" is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. It will be mailed free to any address on application.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN
No. 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*

OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, 'How to Obtain Patents' with names of actual clients in your State sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.,
OP PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.
Estate of John H. Ziegler.

Having qualified as Eqecutrix of the late John H. Ziegler, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same, to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. This February 20th, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLER, Ex'x.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of R. P. Krauss, dec'd.

Having qualified as Administrator of R. P. Krauss, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of recovery. This February 20, 1889.

G. W. COBB, Adm'r.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

PEERLESS DYES
ARE THE BEST
FOR BLACK STOCKINGS.
FINE COLORS THAT NEITHER SMUT WASH OUT NOR FADE
CAN ONLY BE MADE BY USING
PEERLESS DYES

46 Colors
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS
ALSO
PEERLESS BRONZE PAINTS—6 Colors,
PEERLESS LAUNDRY BLUING.
PEERLESS INK POWDERS—5 Kinds 7 Colors.
PEERLESS SHOE AND HARNESS DRESSING.
PEERLESS EGG DYES—8 Colors.

Home-Made Tin-Ware;
—BY—
H. O. HILL,
The Tinner,
Fearing St. Dock, Elizabeth City, N. C.

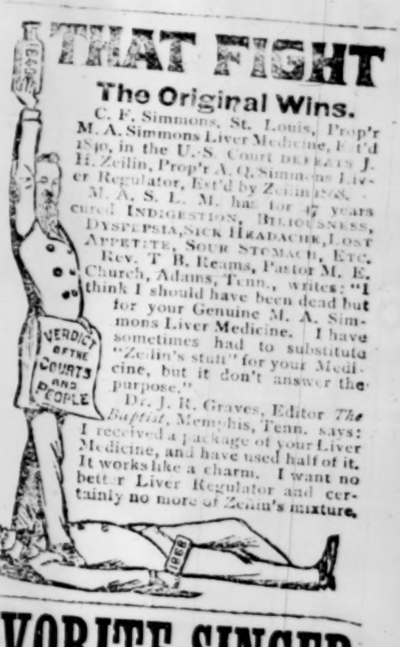
And GUTTERING, ROOFING, and all kinds of Work pertaining to the business done by skilled workmen,

FERTILIZERS:
Cheap and Good,
For Sale at the E. City Oil Mills

We have taken the Agency for BAUGH'S ANIMAL BONE & POTASH COMPOUND, which has proved to be a complete mixture for Cotton, Corn, Potatoes Peas, etc. Apply to J. S. CARTWRIGHT, or W. D. LATHROP & CO.

Dec. 12- 3m.

THAT FIGHT
The Original Wins.



VERDICT OF THE COURTS AND PEOPLE
1868

C. F. Simmons, St. Louis, Prop'r M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine, Est'd 1840, in the U. S. Court DEFEATS J. H. Zeilin, Prop'r A. Q. Simmons Liver Regulator, Est'd by Zeilin 1868. M. A. S. L. M. has for 47 years cured INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, SICK HEADACHE, LOST APPETITE, SOUR STOMACH, ETC. Rev. T. B. Reams, Pastor M. E. Church, Adams, Tenn., writes: "I think I should have been dead but for your Genuine M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine. I have sometimes had to substitute "Zeilin's stuff" for your Medicine, but it don't answer the purpose." Dr. J. R. Graves, Editor *The Baptist*, Memphis, Tenn. says: I received a package of your Liver Medicine, and have used half of it. It works like a charm. I want no better Liver Regulator and certainly no more of Zeilin's mixture.

FAVORITE SINGER
Warranted for Five Years.

ONLY $20.
DELIVERED AT YOUR HOME.

EXCELS ALL.

Our Favorite Singer

Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers.

Sent on one week's trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for circulars and Testimonials,

Co-operative Sewing Machine Co.,
219 Quince Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE LADIES' FAVORITE.
NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

If you desire to purchase a sewing machine, ask our agent at your place for terms and prices. If you cannot find our agent, write direct to nearest address to you below named.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE Co. ORANGE, MASS.
CHICAGO ILL. — 28 UNION SQUARE, N.Y. — DALLAS TEX.
ST. LOUIS, MO. ATLANTA, GA. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
FOR SALE BY

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.
Estate of John T. Parker.

Having qualified as Administratrix of the late John T. Parker, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same, to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. This February 7th, 1889.

EXZERNIA MORSE, Adm'x.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON N. C.
—:—0—:—

This well-established HOTEL still offer first class accommodations of the traveling public,

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Transand Steamer
TERMS REASONABLE.
J. L ROGERSON, Prop

GOLD fields are scarce, but those who write to Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine, will receive free, full information about work which they can do, and live at home, that will pay them from $5 to $25 per day. Some have earned over $50 in a day. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required. You are started free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of snug little fortunes. All is new.

—0—

ECONOMY

LEADS TO

PROSPERITY,

—00—

Any man who aims at economy can't afford to miss this great sale. I am determined to force down my enormous surplus stock of winter-weight Wearing Apparel, and am aroused towards making this the most advantageous

Money Saving Sale

we have ever introduced to the public. I said I'd do it, and I am doing it.

Fine Sack suits, Cutaways, Prince Alberts are now selling at near cost. I am offering my stock of fine Shoes, such as Walkingfast, Reed and other qualities, at a big reduction.

I am selling a fine line of

MEN'S WEAR

at cost. Dozens upon dozens of of men's fine Overcoats in Sacks, Newmarkets, Ulsters, Stormcoats and in Cheviots, Chinchillas, Beaver, Melton, Kerseys, Cassimere and worsted, fit for any man and are in every detail of manufacture equal to garments made to measure, all of which are yours today at manufacturers' cut rate prices.

Boy's & Children's Suits

by the dozen upon dozen, and men's boy's and youth's Trousers, dozens upon dozens of them, all of first-class goods,—all are yours at manufacturers' cut rate prices.

Hats of latest styles of Rossmore, Miller Dunlap and Martin shapes.

Trunks, Valises, Traveling Bags, Umbrellas, etc., at a large decline in prices.

Oil and Rubber Goods can be found at manufacturers' prices.

I am selling my entire stock of Ladies' Wraps, Cloaks, long and short, at cost,

Dress Goods Department.

I am now offering my fine Cashmmeres, Henriettas, Flannels, Tricots, Serge goods, etc., at a deduction of 15 to 20 cents per yard,

SATINES: I am selling all uolors at 10, 12 and 13 cents a yard, and if you have an interest in economizing, you can't afford to miss this great unloading sale I have placed in active service,

H. WEISEL,

The Original Leader and Regulater of Low Prices,

The North Carolinian

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1889.

ELIZABETH CITY CHURCHES.

EPISCOPAL. ——— Rector. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. All cordially invited

METHODIST. Rev. E. P. Wilson, Pastor Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

BAPTIST. Rev. J. L. White, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Seats free. Invitation extended to all.

A. M. E. ZION. Rev. J. S. Caldwell, Pastor. Service every Sunday at 2:30 P. M., and 7. P. M

COLORED BAPTIST, OLIVE BRANCH. Rev. J. K. Lamb, Pastor. Service every Sunday, and special Service every 4th Sunday at 2:30 and 7:20 p. m.

☞ Be a man.

☞ Assert your rights.

☞ Respect those of other people

☞ The peach trees are blooming

☞ Many farmers are now busy at corn planting.

☞ A large amount of truck will be raised in this locality.

☞ The farmers report the peas and potatoes growing rapidly.

☞ Now is the time to be cleaning up. Attend to the streets, the drains and back yards.

☞ Attention is called to the programme of the Opening at Avoca. It promises to be the grandest affair ever held in the State.

☞ It requires brains and intelligence to conduct an argument, and good breeding to do it like a gentleman; but a man deficient in both can show his—teeth, say "you lie," and make himself a blackguard.

☞ The Fishermen of Edenton and vicinity, with few exceptions, have not done so well, thus far, as usual. The muddy condition of the Sound has kept the fish back. This week they are doing better.

☞ The CAROLINIAN never abuses a man because he differs with it in opinion; but as a faithful representative of the PEOPLE, it always protests when any one attempts to *force* measures upon them.

☞ Dr. J. C. Perry, of Newbegun, this county, recently confirmed by the Senate as Assistant Surgeon in the Marine Hospital Service, left on Wednesday for Mobile, Ala., where he has been ordered. He is a young man of promise,

☞ Excepting to some life-long personal friends in the North who have always taken it, and others once residing here who are anxious to get the news from the old home, the circulation of the CAROLINIAN is mainly confined to the First District, and five-fifths of it in the counties on this side of the Sound.

☞ Our personal friend Hon. Tho's R. Jernigan, U. S. Consul to Japan, has kindly sent us a copy of "The Constitution of Japan: Promulgated at the Imperial Palace February 11, 1889." We have read it with a good deal of interest. It shows that the Empire is making rapid strides in the pathway of civilization.

☞ The 'star chamber" clique cannot plead fear of "negro rule" in justification of their unfair gerrymandering of the town, for during the the last Republican administration every member of the Board was a white man, which has not been the case since! Nor can they claim that the town is better governed for it is not. So the plea that "the good of the town" was the inspiring motive falls to the ground.

☞ The CAROLINIAN has frequently alluded to the fact that, pecuniarily, the FISHING interest is the largest in our Albemarle section, really bringing more money to it than comes from any other industry. The number of firms and owners of seines and nets engaged in fishing in our waters reach nigh on to three hundred, and the indications now are that more fish will be caught and shipped than in any previous season.

☞ An intelligent gentleman who spent some time here over a dozen years ago, and had not been back until recently, said to us the other day: "I never saw a town improve so much as Elizabeth City has done When I left it was only a country town; now it is a live and prosperous City." Said another, who had been a former resident, now a visitor after an absence of eight years: "The town has grown so much that I hardly knew it. On almost every street I see changes, new houses, and improvements. I see that the efforts of the CAROLINIAN have not been in vain."

☞ Joe A. Munday, a pretended "Evangelist," delivered a harangue in the Court House here on Wednesday night. There was a large crowd, but the impression made was so unfavorable that the number who went to hear the lecture advertised the next night was so small that he did not deliver it. From notices in several of our exchanges, it appears that he is not what he claims to be. The Nashville, Tenn, *American*, of March 22, says:

At a call session of the Morristown Baptist Church last Sunday, Rev. Jos. A. Munday, its former pastor, was expelled from church membership on account of serious charges preferred against him.

☞ J. J. Perkins has been appointed Postmaster at Greenville. A good selection.

—Of course you are going to Fowler & Co's for your Spring Shoes.

☞ The subscription list of the CAROLINIAN continues to grow. It is recognized as the leading paper of Elizabeth City.

—The celebratey "Bunker Hill" brand of mixed Pickles and Chow Chow, by measure, at Robinson & Co's.

☞ The earliest crops come off the land that is well drained. A damp soil requires a longer time to become warm. Thorough drainage pays.

—You won't do yourself justice if you don't look over Moses Weisel's stock before buying.

☞ To deepen and enrich the soil is better than to enlarge the farm, for while the crop increased the cost of producing is decreased.

—Never make the future bear the expenses of the past, but commence at once to study practical economy by purchasing your Groceries of Robinson & Co.

☞ Read that "Dialogue" in another column. There were a good many "wet blanket" fellows last Fall who are very zealous now—after *the offices!*

—Fowler & Co. have a fine line of Carpets and Mattings, just opened.

☞ Here is the latest cure for corns: Soak a piece of bread in strong vinegar; apply to the corn as a poultice The effect is the corn is so softened that it can be easily removed. Try it.

—If you want good hard Brick that are durable and have stood the test, go to Thompson & Son.

☞ Attention is called to the card of the Eagle Hotel, at Hertford. Under its present management it is a good place to stop at—well supplied table, comfortable beds and an accommodating landlord.

—There is no need for investigation as to the quality of Brick, for Thompson & Son again took the first premium at the late Fair.

☞ There is no bright future to the young man who is shirking every responsibility, ignoring industry, and glories in being an idler. Good luck will never come to him, and it never should.

—Fowler & Co have colored Carpet Warps of their of their own make at 25c per pound,

☞ The trial of Henry Lowe last week at Hertford for the murder of Matthew J. Wood, resulted in an acquital on the ground of insanity. He was ordered to the Insane Asylum and was taken there by Sheriff Riddick on Monday; also a colored boy, sentenced to the penetentiary two years for larceny.

☞ There are two ways, said Franklin, of being happy—we may either diminish our wants or augment our means. Either will do—the result is the same; and it is for each man to decide for himself and to do that which happens to be the easier.

—The cold days are comin, but it will be a cold day when Moses Weisel can't undersell all competitors.

☞ The editor of the CAROLINIAN is not, and never has been, a sentimental politician. He believes that the public offices should be held by those in full sympathy and harmony with the Administration in power. This is "practical politics," and it is common sense.

—Fowler & Co. are selling Coats and Clarks O. N. Cotton at 4cts spool,

☞ A copy of the new edition of Dr. Nowitzy's book on "Norfolk and the Sound and River Cities of North Carolina," is on our table. It is a decided improvement on the first edition—a fuller and more complete work. It is written in the peculiarly graphic style of the author and is a work valuable for reference.

—Make a break for Moses Weisel's if you want bargains in Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, etc.

☞ Many mothers imagine the fortune of their daughter is made when she knows enough of music to thump a piano, or of labor to daub a cheap chromo, or to work a yellow dog on a chair mat. Girls are too good to be spoiled that way. Learn them to command a regiment of pots and kettles; learn them to make good bread and good coffee; learn them to make garments and to patch them when they need it—by all means, with the other accomplishments, learn them these.

☞ The CAROLINIAN makes this reply to "Regulus:" Successful industries benefit not only those employed but all producers. It is a mistake, therefore, to suppose that a workingman is benefited only by the protection of his own particular trade. The workingman neither needs nor buys much of the goods he himself aids in making. Suppose the father works in a Cotton Mill, how much of his wages goes to buy cotton cloth or prints for his family when compared with the amount he expends in house rent, food, and other necessaries? The same principle applies to the man who works in any other mill or factory. The ratio of the expenses is about the same for the amount of what each needs of the articles he or she aids in producing. This principle pervades the whole field of mechanical industry, and pertains to all who labor for wages.

☞ Chowan Superior Court at Edenton this week

☞ The Episcopal Convocation was held at Hertford last week.

☞ Be careful about handling fire arms. The Legislature has made it an indictable offence to point a gun or pistol at another even in fun.

☞ The Edenton *Fisherman & Farmer* says: "The prospect of an extension of the Suffolk & Carolina Rail Road to Edenton looks promising."

—"I'd give anything," said Miss A. "if I had as small a foot as Miss G." "Well," said her friend, "you can have it for nothing. Miss G's foot is large as yours, but she wears the shapely shoes of Moses Weisel's, giving her foot the appearance of being smaller than it is. A clumsy shoe disfigures any foot. Try Moses Weisel next time and see what a change he can make in the appearance of your feet."

☞ Gates Superior Court next week. The State docket is said to be large. There a case of arson, a man charged with burning the large lumber mill at Bosley.

—PUPILS WANTED to take lessons in Drawing, Painting in Oils, Water Colors, Indian Ink and Kensington. Also lessons on the Piano.

MRS C. L. WILLIAMS,
Mar[illegible] St., near Kramer's Mill, Elizabeth City, N. C.

LOCAL MENTION.

Lettuce now from our own garden. —Improvements are much needed on the sidewalks and streets.—Garden making is in active progress.—Underwood's Dry Kiln is approaching completion.—Work has begun on the additional Sheds of the Albemarle Lumber Company.—The peach trees are in bloom.—J. B. Flora, who has been off on a visit to Florida, returned on Friday. He reports a very pleasant time.—Robinson & Co., insert a new advertisement, and so do Fowler & Co.—The number of fish boxes manufactured by the Kramer Bros. is immense.—Mr Geo. R Bright has returned.—Thieves are prowling about and poultry houses are being robbed.—Moses Weisel returned on Saturday with a large and handsome stock of new goods.—Was anybody an "April fool" victim on Monday? —A man who lives in a glass house should be wary about throwing stones. —Electric bells have been placed in the Albemarle House. Proprietor Grice is a live hotelist.—Rev. Mr. Thomas has accepted the call to the Pastorship of the Baptist congregation here.—Mr Alonzo Bell has taken charge of the Albemarle Saloon, —It is pleasant to be remembered by appreciative friends, and the editor of the CAROLINIAN is thus favored. On Friday one of these left a big shad and rock, and on Saturday another sent a mammoth shad. Many thanks.—At a meeting of the Commercial and Mercantile Association on Friday night it was decided to cooperate with the Roanoke Club in arranging a banquet and steamboat Excursion for the Medical Association when it meets here.—On the 27th ult, Justice Culpepper tied the "marriage knot" for Mr Joseph Overton and Miss Laura Wilson, both of Norfolk, Va; and on the 28th Mr W H Rowe and Lula Bright, both of this place, were married by Rev E P Wilson.—Hilery Weisel and Jacob Salomonsky have both returned with their new stock of goods.

It is a crime of men to prepare and advertise a worthless, inert remedy as a cure for terrible and chronic blood poison in hope that the sufferer will use a hundred bottles before he finds out its worthlessness, and yet there are some that do. Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is not a remedy of this kind. The first bottle begins to do good, and a cure usually follows before a dozen botles are taken

The Opportunity Utilized.

From The Chicago Tribune.

"Prisoner," said the Judge, "have you anything to say before the sentence of the Court is passed upon you?"

"I have, your Honor." (Turning to his lawyer.) "You slick-fingered, smooth-jawed puddin-head! You billy be-dad-slammed hunk of soap fat! You said you could clear me for $25, and took your money in advance. You hain't got sense enough to be assistant janitor to a corn-crib, you dont know as much law as a Texas horned frog, and you haven't the moral principle of a blind owl! Go ahead, Judge."

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it, to enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions, and the use persisted in, will bring good digestion and oust the demon Dyspepsia and instal instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Sold at 50c and $1 per bottle at A. Wadsworth's drug store.

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my medicine FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., New York

SOCIETY NOTES.

BY MRS. H. MURPHY.

The Missionary meeting at the Methodist church on Sunday, March 31st. was well attended and very interesting. Rev. Mr. Wilson read accounts of mission laborers among the Japanese, and exhorted his hearers to sympathy for the poor heathen. Miss Grace Melick read a brief essay, and the Mission choir sang missionary hymns.

This is something new in this city. It is a good work and should be encouraged. True we have need of Mission work nearer home, but we must remember who it was that said "Go teach all nations!" All honor to the brave preachers and teachers who carry the news of Christ crucified to heathen lands. The Chinese and Japanese, though easily confounded by many, are really as distinct in customs, manners and language as the French and Germans are from each other, or both from English speaking people.

The Chinese who almost universally worship their ancesters, are much harder to convert than the more liberal minded Japanese, whose relgious practice is even more reprehensible. The Japanese worship idols. Bits of stone or glass, silver, or gold wrought into shape of imaginary gods and goddesses are the only things they know of to love as God. They are however of a gentle nature, free from many vices, and of a heart and disposition to readily acquire Christianity.

The Chinese are opposite to these gentle people in many things. The pigtail que of the Chinese man, his obstinacy in the matter of improving laws regulating the swathing of female infants feet, not that they know no better, for Sing Poo, hath intelligence behind his slanting eyes and yellow face, and many lesser and greater facts intimate that China is the John Bull of Asia. The language too, is difficult to acquire. Bomgeis a Missionary after ten months study of the language writes:

"I will give you an example of their words, They told me that "Chon" meant book: so I thought whenever the word *chon* was pronounced a book was the subject. Not at all! *Chon*, the next time I heard it, I found signified a tree. Now I was to reccolect that *chon* was a book, or a tree. But, this amounted to nothing. *Chon* expressed also *great heats*; *chon* is to *relate*, *chon* is the *Aurora*; chon means to be accustomed chon expresses the loss of awager etc.. I should not finish were I to attempt to give you all of its significations.* *Add to all this that the words of the language though reduced to 330 words yet are pronounced in so many different ways that they signify eighty thousand different things."

Who could fail to feel sympathy for the Chinese Missionary.? Who can fail to feel sorry for the souls existing in such midnight darkness.?

H C F Koch & Co's. Catalogue. The spring and summer Fashion Catalogue of this enterprising, and wealthy firm is "better than ever" with regard to prices, and "broader than ever", with regard to the line of goods. We have seen some of the garments purchased at Koch & Cos and bear testimony that they are the best value for the money paid we have ever known. Koch & Co offer to forward many of their goods free of charge where the order is not less than $50.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years Doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh cure, manufactured by J. F. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucus surface of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address J. F. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

A Poor Show For Criminals.

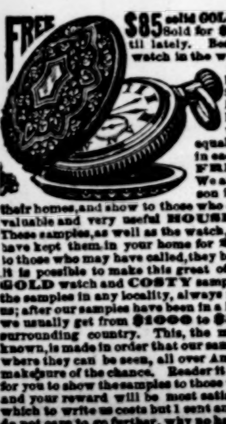
From The Detroit Tribune.

President Harrison has made quite a number of appointments already and he has not yet named a jail bird for any office. Things have changed a great deal since four years ago.

Itch, Mange, and Scratches on humans or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by Griggs & Cartwright, Druggists, Elizabeth City.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satfaction or money refunded, Price 25 cents per box
FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH



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NORFOLK SOUTHERN RAILROAD,

SCHEDULE 22, TAKES EFFECT MAR 11, 1889.

Mail and Express (Southbound), daily, except Sundays, leaves Elizabeth City 12,25 P. M. Northbound, leaves at 3.35 P. M.

The Accomodation daily, except Saturdays and Sundays, leaves at 6.45 o'clock A. M., and returning, arrives at 8.20 P. M.

☞ The Fast Fish Train daily, except Sundays at 4.00 A. M.

The above trains, which are Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive at and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.

Close connections at Norfolk with all rail and steamer lines.

At Elizabeth City—With steamboats for all points on Pasquotank, North, Alligator, Pamlico, Tar and Neuse rivers

At Edenton—With N. S. R. R. Co's steam, boats Plymouth, M. E. Roberts and Hanger, for all points on Chowan, Scuppernong, Little, Cashie and Roanoke rivers, and Jamesville & Washington, and Albemarle & Raleigh railroads, and with Steamer Keystone tri-weekly for Harrellsville, Winton, Murfreesboro, and all landings on the Chowan and Meherrin Rivers.

The Steamer Plymouth, plying between Edenton and Williamston, will go to Hamilton on Tuesday and Friday of each week, leaving that place at 7 o'clock a. m., on Wednesday and Saturday,

Norfolk Passenger and Freight Station at Norfolk and Western Railroad Depot.

Freight received daily, except Sunday's.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion steamers and N. Y. P. and N. R. R., from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.

M. K. KING, General Manager.

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FAST FREIGHT LINE.

Regular line of steamers between Atlantic and North Carolina R. R., Newberne, Washington and Elizabeth City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through Cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

☞ Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Despatch, as follows: From Norfolk, by Norfolk Southern Railroad; Baltimore by P. W. & B. R. R., President St., Station: Philadelphia by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock St., Station; New York by Penn a R. R., Pier 27 North River.

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SUPERINTENDENT DISMAL SWAMP CANAL
Norfolk, Va. Feb 14, 1888.

THE DISMAL SWAMP CANAL, will admit sharp-built vessels drawing five feet water, lighter-built vessels, four feet.

The Locks will admit vessels 96 feet, and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binders, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from this Office.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beam (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

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We Leave them All Behind!

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Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

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TO A FEW FACTS.

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Is it any wonder that FLORA'S Trade has grown larger and larger until he sells more of the Goods than any House in the City? Throngs are to be seen at almost any time during business hours at this popular Store, all of whom are so well pleased that they deem it a pleasure to buy of him when in want.

☞ But it is not necessary to come to the Store to enjoy this privilege. You can order whatever you wish and know that you are paying the very lowest price for what you get.

☞ Tobacco and Snuff at Factory Prices. Agent for Dupont's Powder, ☜

TO BE HAPPY AND PROSPEROUS, BUY YOUR GOODS OF

J. B. FLORA.

South West Corner Main and Water Streets.

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For all classes of invalids. Genuine in quality, and reasonable in price

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FREE FOR MEN ONLY. A TRIAL PACKAGE. Over Ten Thousand Trial Packages mailed to patients a large proportion of whom took a full treatment and were restored to health by use of PROF. HARRIS' SEMINAL PASTILLES. A Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Physical Decay in Young or Middle Aged Men. Tested for Eight Years in many thousand cases they absolutely restore prematurely aged and broken down men to the full enjoyment of perfect and full Manly Strength and Vigorous Health. To those who suffer from the many obscure diseases brought about by Indiscretion, Exposure, Over-Brain Work, or too free Indulgence, we ask that you send us your name with statement of your trouble, and secure a TRIAL PACKAGE FREE, with Illust'd Pamphlet, &c.

VIGOROUS HEALTH. Avoid the imposition of pretentious remedies for these troubles, and all Quacks, whose only aim is to bleed their victims. Take a SURE REMEDY that has CURED thousands, does not interfere with attention to business, or cause pain or inconvenience in any way. Founded on scientific medical principles. By direct application to the seat of disease its specific influence is felt without delay. The natural functions of the human organism restored. The wasted animating elements of life are given back, the patient becomes cheerful and rapidly gains both strength and health

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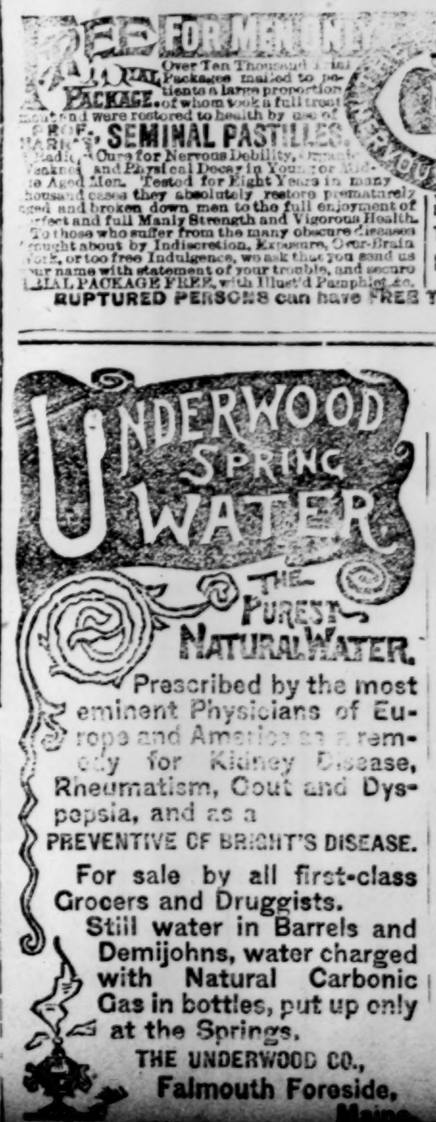

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NOMINATED FOR OFFICE.

Prominent Names Sent by the President to the Senate.

Nearly All the Leading Diplomatic Appointments Made.

WHITELAW REID, MINISTER TO FRANCE.

Ninth Day's Nominations.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate during the forenoon.

James Tanner, of Brooklyn, N. Y., to be Commissioner of Pensions.

James M. Shackelford, of Indiana, to be Judge of the United States Court for the Indian Territory.

Zachariah L. Walrond, of Kansas, to be Attorney of the United States Court for the Indian Territory.

Thomas B. Needles, of Illinois, to be Marshal of the United States Court for the Indian Territory.

Walter P. Corbett, of Georgia, to be Marshal of the United States for the Southern District of Georgia.

Edwin Willits, of Michigan, to be Assistant Secretary of Agriculture.

Commodore David B. Harmony to be Rear Admiral.

Captain Francis M. Ramsey to be a Commodore.

Commander William T. Sampson to be Captain.

Lieutenant-Commander R. B. Bradford to be Commander.

Lieutenant F. H. C. Leutze to be a Lieutenant Commander.

Ensign John G. Guinby to be a Lieutenant, junior grade.

Lieutenant-Commander George A. Converse to be a Commander.

Lieutenant F. P. Gilmore to be a Lieutenant Commander.

Lieutenant Frank E. Beatty, junior grade, to be a Lieutenant.

Ensign Thomas S. Rogers to be a Lieutenant, junior grade.

Manly Fitch Gates, of Pennsylvania, to be an assistant surgeon.

The Senate late in the afternoon confirmed the nominations of A. B. Bradley, Assistant Justice of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia; Frank R. Aikens, Associate Justice, Dakota; J. R. McFie, Associate Justice, New Mexico; H. N. Blake, Chief Justice, Montana; J. D. Flennery, District Attorney, Colorado; M. C. Moore, Governor of Washington Territory; O. C. White, Secretary of Washington Territory; N. O. Murphy, Secretary of Arizona; Julius Goldschmidt, Consul-General at Vienna; Edwin Willetts, Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, and a large number of Postmasters. After discussing the matter for over three hours the Senate confirmed Whitelaw Reid, of New York, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to France, and Fred D. Grant, of New York, to be Minister to Austria-Hungary. The nominations of naval officers for promotion reported recently were all confirmed.

James Tanner was born in Schoharie Co., N. Y. At the age of seventeen be enlisted as a private in the Eight New York Volunteers. For gallantry on the field he was made a corporal. A shell at Bull Run tore away both of his legs, and his career as a soldier was ended. A clerkship in the War Department at Washington was awarded him. During his connection with the department he studied law, and in 1869 was admitted to practice. Since he has been an active worker in the G. A. R.

Tenth Day's Nominations.

President Harrison during the afternoon sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Francis E. Warren, of Wyoming Territory, to be Governor of Wyoming Territory.

Benjamin F. White, of Dillon, Montana, to be Governor of Montana.

Lee Moorehouse, of Oregon, to be Agent for the Indians of Unatilla Agency in Oregon.

Robert V. Belt, of Maryland, to be Assistant Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Oscar M. Spellman, of Arkansas, to be Marshal of the United States for the Eastern District of Arkansas.

Charles C. Walters, of Arkansas, to be United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Arkansas.

Postmasters—Charles B. Prescott, at Holyoke, Mass.; Clarence M. Reed, at Dunkirk, N. Y.; Edward B. Vreeman, at Salamanca, N. Y.; James M. Clark, at Newcastle, Penn.; Charles W. Jones, Martinsville, Va.

The following nominations were confirmed by the Senate:

James Tanner, Commissioner of Pensions.

Jeremiah Sullivan, Collector of Customs for Montana and Idaho.

James W. Wakefield, Collector of Customs, Bath, Me.

Seligman Bros., special fiscal agents Navy Department at London.

George W. McBride, Collector of Customs for Grand Haven, Mich.

Charles G. Edwards, Collector of Customs for Minnesota.

Charles M. Bradshaw, Collector of Customs, Puget Sound, Washington Territory.

Z. T. Walrond, United States Attorney, Indian Territory.

T. B. Needles, Marshal, Indian Territory.

J. M. Shackleford, Judge, Indian Territory.

Eleventh Day's Nominations.

The President on this day sent to the Senate the following nominations:

Robert Lincoln, of Illinois, to be Minister to Great Britain.

Murat Halstead, of Ohio, to be Minister to Germany.

Allen Thorndike Rice, of New York, to be Minister to Russia.

Patrick Egan, of Nebraska, to be Minister to Chili.

Thomas Ryan, of Kansas, to be Minister to Mexico.

John Hicks, of Wisconsin, to be Minister to Peru.

George B. Loring, of Massachusetts, to be Minister Resident and Consul-General to Portugal.

Marion Erwin, of Georgia, to be United States Attorney for the Southern District of Georgia.

Tyre Glenn, of North Carolina, to be United States Marshal for the Western District of North Carolina.

James O. Churchill, of Missouri, to be Surveyor of Customs for the port of St. Louis.

Postmasters—Abram W. Lansing at Platsburg, N. Y.; David A. Jones at Scranton, Penn.; Chester A. Wilcox at Quincy, Ill.; Osceola R. Serviss at Kansas City, Mo.

The Senate confirmed the following nominations: Albert A. Burleigh, Collector of Customs at Aroostook, Me.; Francis E. Warren, Governor of Wyoming Territory; Benjamin F. White, Governor of Montana; Robert V. Belt, Assistant Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Twelfth Day's Nominations.

President Harrison has sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Postmasters—John Sumingsby, at Bar Harbor, Me.; Augustus J. Hoitt, at Lynn, Mass.; Suydam F. Wheeler, at Hancock, N. Y.; Richard W. Oldfield, at Haverstraw, N. Y.; Lewis R. Williams, at Long Branch, N. J.; Burt C. Drake, at Gainesville, Fla.; Orlando B. Happy, at Mayfield, Ky.; Wm. Jenney, at Mount Clemens, Mich.

Cassius M. Barnes, of Arkansas, to be Receiver of Public Moneys at Guthrie, Indian Territory; John I. Dille, of Indiana, to be Register of the Land Office at Guthrie, Indian Territory.

Charles E. Monteith, of Idaho, to be agent for the Indians of the Nez Perces Agency in Idaho.

The nominations of John C. New to be Consul-General to London and Lewis Wolfly to be Governor of Arizona were confirmed by the Senate.

The nomination of Murat Halstead as Minister to Berlin was reported favorably to the Senate by a unanimous vote of the Foreign Relations Committee, and the Senate proceeded to vote upon it. It turned out that five Republican Senators voted against him, together with all the Democrats, and on that vote he stood rejected. A motion was immediately made by Senator Sherman to reconsider the vote, and on this motion debate went on until the Senate adjourned.

The five Republicans who voted against Mr. Halstead's confirmation were Ingalls, Plumb, Teller, Cullum and Farwell.

FIFTY THOUSAND people in New York are collectors of postage stamps, and they have been having an exhibition. It embraced almost every stamp known to every civilized nation and was said to be worth $200,000.

OKLAHOMA OPENED.

A Presidential Proclamation Opening the New Lands to Settlement.

The President has issued a proclamation throwing open the Oklahoma lands to settlement on and after April 22. The bulk of the proclamation is devoted to a review of the proceedings by which the lands in question have been secured by the Indians and the legislation of Congress providing for their opening to settlement. The proclamation then reads as follows:

Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States, by virtue of the power in me vested by said acts of Congress approved March 2, 1889, aforesaid, do hereby declare and make known that so much of the lands as aforesaid acquired from or conveyed by the Muscogee (or Creek) Nation of Indians, and from or by the Seminole Nation of Indians, respectively, as is contained within the following described boundaries, viz. [here the boundaries are described], will at and after the hour of 12 o'clock noon, of the 22d day of April next, and not before, be open for settlement under the terms of and subject to all the conditions, limitations, and restrictions contained in said Act of Congress, approved March 2, 1889, and the laws of the United States applicable thereto.

And it is hereby expressly declared and made known that no other parts or portions of the lands embraced within the Indian Territory than those herein specifically described and declared to be open to settlement at the time above named and fixed are to be considered as open to settlement under this proclamation or the act of March 2, 1889, aforesaid; and warning is hereby again expressly given that no person entering upon and occupying said lands before said hour at 12 o'clock noon, of the 22d day of April, A. D. 1889, hereinbefore fixed, will ever be permitted to enter any of said lands or acquire any rights thereto; and that the officers of the United States will be required to strictly enforce the provision of the act of Congress to the above effect.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office issued an order establishing two land offices in the Oklahoma Territory, one at Kingfishers—State station—and the other at Guthrie.

A TRIPLE MURDER.

Defaulter W. H. Harvey Kills His Wife and Two Daughters.

W. H. Harvey, bookkeeper for W. J. Lyon, of Guelph, Canada, was arrested, charged with embezzling $4000 from his employer, and was shortly afterward bailed out by Dr. Lett. During the forenoon Harvey purchased a revolver. The Chief of Police had occasion to visit Harvey's residence during the afternoon and found the house closed.

Forcing an entrance he found Harvey's little girl of twelve years lying dead on the floor of the front bedroom with a bullet hole in her head. Turning from the awful sight he found the eldest daughter lying beside a bed dead. The chief then went down stairs and found Mrs. Harvey with a similar bullet wound.

Harvey was seen driving toward Schaw station, and was pursued and arrested. Harvey was Superintendent of St. George's Church Sunday-school. He attempted to murder his son and commit suicide before being arrested.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

THE Maine Legislature has adjourned.

THERE are 5530 lawyers in New York.

A UNIVERSAL salt trust has been formed.

THE ice has moved out of the Mississippi River.

AUSTRIA is preparing for a war with Servia.

NICARAGUA offers liberal terms to immigrants.

THE foreigners in Switzerland number 238,000.

THERE are fourteen Indians in the Kansas penitentiary.

RIOTS have occurred in Wales over the collection of tithes.

A NEW treaty has been concluded between China and Germany.

THE Servian Cabinet has decided to reduc the army by one-half.

NEW YORK city is largely supplied with cabbages from Denmark.

THE homicides in New York city during 1888 aggregated fifty-three.

FLOUR sells at $50 a sack in the new gold fields of Lower California.

AN African Anti-Slave Trade Association has been organized at Vienna.

THE Pennsylvania Legislature is considering a compulsory education law.

THE Turkish naval force is composed of 30,000 seamen and 10,000 marines.

CHINAMEN in New York have contributed over $1300 to the Chinese famine fund.

REPORTS from all parts of the country indicate an unusually brisk spring trade.

THE number of Americans in Europe this summer will be greater than ever before.

MISS FANNIE GALEWOOD, a colored woman aged 117 years, died near Pittsburg recently.

THE navy of Norway consists of forty-four steamers, four being ironclad monitors.

THE financial crisis in France has caused the suspension of the Corinth Canal Works.

A COMPANY has been formed to run electric cabs over the asphalt pavements of Washington.

SIXTEEN torpedo boats intended for the German navy are now in course of construction.

RUSSELL B. HARRISON, son of the President, has purchased an interest in *Frank Leslie's Weekly*.

THE Government of Persia has pledged itself not to grant railway concessions without consulting Russia.

THE Illinois Senate has passed a bill appropriating $50,000 for a monument to the late John A. Logan.

IN taking the oath of office President Harrison used a Bible that he carried in his saddle bags when in the army.

SHIPBUILDING is very active at Detroit, and new vessels valued in the aggregate at $2,000,000 are in process of construction.

CHLOE POLAND, aged thirteen, and Joe Snow, aged fourteen, were recently married at Keyser, W. Va., with parental consent.

A BLUE book on Samoan affairs has been issued in London; it shows England and America to be in accord on the subject of the islands.

GASKELL, the man who first discovered the gold fields in Lower California, turns out to be an escaped murderer from the United States.

AN extraordinary fatal epidemic is prevailing in Western Kentucky similar to the terrible "black death." Sixty persons have already died.

THE cities of St. John and Portland have voted to consolidate under the name of St. John. The new city will be the fourth in population in the Canadian Dominion.

THE MARKETS.

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NEW YORK.		
Beeves	3 70	@ 5 15
Milch Cows, com. to good	25 00	@45 00
Calves, common to prime	6 50	@ 9 00
Sheep	—	@ 5 25
Lambs	3 00	@ 6 50
Hogs—Live	5 25	@ 5 50
Dressed	5¼	@ 8
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 70	@ 5 00
Patents	5 35	@ 6 75
Wheat—No. 2 Red	90⅜	@ 90¾
Rye—State	—	@ 60
Barley—Two-rowed State	1	@ 90
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	40½	@ 43
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@ 39
Mixed Western	29	@ 32
Hay—No. 1	80	@ 95
Straw—Long Rye	70	@ 75
Lard—City Steam	—	@ 6.90
Butter—Elgin Creamery	26	@ 26½
Dairy, fair to good	18	@ 23
West. Im. Creamery	15	@ 21
Factory	12	@ 21
Cheese—State Factory	11¼	@ 12
Skims—Light	9½	@ 10
Western	9½	@ 11¼
Eggs—State and Penn	11	@ 11¼
BUFFALO.		
Steers—Western	2 80	@ 4 25
Sheep—Medium to Good	4 50	@ 4 75
Lambs—Fair to Good	4 50	@ 5 50
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	5 10	@ 5 15
Flour—Family	5 00	@ 5 25
Wheat—No. 2 Northern	—	@ 1 05½
Corn—No. 3, Yellow	37½	@ 38
Oats—No. 2, White	30½	@ 30¾
Barley—State	68	@ 70
BOSTON.		
Flour—Spring Wheat pat's	6 80	@ 7 20
Corn—Steamer Yellow	45½	@ 45½
Oats—No. 2 White	32½	@ 33
Rye—State	55	@ 58
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.		
Beef—Dressed weight	5½	@ 6
Sheep—Live weight	4	@ 4¾
Lambs	5½	@ 6¾
Hogs—Northern	—	@ 5¾
PHILADELPHIA.		
Flour—Penn. family	4 50	@ 4 75
Wheat—No. 2, Red, April	93¼	@ 94
Corn—No. 2, Mixed, April	41¼	@ 41½
Oats—Ungraded White	—	@ 33½
Potatoes—Early Rose	35	@ 48
Butter—Creamery Extra	—	@ 24
Cheese—Part skims	6	@ 8

JOHN BRIGHT.

The Great English Leader's Death After a Long Illness.

A Sketch of the Statesman's Long and Eventful Career.

After a long illness, John Bright, the English statesman, is dead. His end was peaceful and painless. His four sons and three daughters were all present at his bedside. As soon as his death was announced the church bells of London began tolling.

In the House of Commons the Right Hon. William H. Smith, the Government leader, with much emotion referred to the death of Mr. John Bright. He said that he would postpone his remarks on Mr. Bright until Mr. Gladstone would be present.

Mr. Bright represented the Central Division of Birmingham in the House.

Mr. Bright's Career.

John Bright, the second son of Martha and Jacob Bright, was born at Greenbank, near Rochdale, Lancashire, November 16, 1811. Far back in his stock there were Jews, but his near ancestors were stanch Quakers. His hatred of civil and religious oppression had its birth in the experiences of his own family. As a Quaker, his father persistently refused to pay church rates and was habitually the victim of distress warrants, which were satisfied by seizures of the cotton goods he dealt in.

The circumstances of his boyhood strengthened John Bright in the sentiments which inspired his political career. His earlier years were spent at Rochdale, which was the theatre of a constant agitation for Parliamentary reform. The first exercise of his oratorical talents was in a literary and philosophical society that had been organized at Rochdale. He read much, and was especially fond of Milton's "Paradise Lost" and the Bible. He had become a local celebrity, when, at the age of twenty-six, he formed an acquaintance with Richard Cobden that did much, no doubt, to direct his intellectual energies into the course they took. In 1839 he took part in open air Anti-Corn law meetings, and against the Corn laws and the church rate he subsequently delivered a series of powerful speeches.

In 1843 he was elected to the House of Commons as member for Durham. The rich harvest of the following year delayed the success of his crusade against the Corn law, but the enthusiasm of his followers was not abated.

Money poured in, tracts were circulated, and trained speakers visited every village in the country. Finally, in 1846, the import duty on corn was repealed upon the proposition of Sir Robert Peel, the Prime Minister. On the last night of the debate Mr. Bright eulogized Peel for the stand he had taken in terms that affected the Premier to tears.

In 1860 Bright was associated with Cobden in the negotiation of the commercial treaty between France and England. He supported the repeal of the paper duties, which made the penny newspaper press of England possible. During the American Civil War he was a friend of the North, both in and out of Parliament. In 1865 he took a prominent part in the agitation in favor of the extension of the elective franchise, which ended with the passage of the Reform bill of Aug. 15, 1867. He also urged reform in Ireland and the disestablishment of the Irish Church. The latter was accomplished in 1869.

Mr. Bright had now reached the zenith of his fame. He commanded the confidence of the Liberal party in no less degree than Mr. Gladstone himself, and his name had been linked with every great popular movement of his time. It was therefore natural, when Mr. Gladstone was summoned to form a Ministry in 1868, that Mr. Bright should be invited to occupy a place in it. It was natural, too, that public sentiment should require a test of his ability to frame the legislation that he had so long advocated.

These considerations influenced him to accept the proffered post of President of the Board of Trade. He was the first Quaker to hold office in the British Cabinet. In respect of achievement his political career ended with his acceptance of office. He was President of the Board of Trade until 1873, when he was appointed Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster. To this post he was again assigned when Mr. Gladstone was restored to power after the six years' interval of the Beaconsfield Ministry. He resigned in 1882 because he disproved the Government's Egyptian policy, which culminated in the bombardment of Alexandria.

As an orator John Bright produced with the simplest aids the greatest effects. His mind was free from the classical associations that have exercised an influence upon the diction of other great English speakers, and his speeches are splendid examples of the possibilities of the Anglo-Saxon tongue. He was able to modulate his voice to suit the sentiment he expressed, yet his declamation was never merely theatrical. His words seemed to reach the hearts as well as the heads of those who heard him. He knew well how to make wit and humor perform the same service as pathos and tragedy, and was almost as quick as Disraeli in coining apt phrases.

During his later years he sat in Parliament for the most part in silence, apparently living much in the past. When he did speak, constant allusion to his own triumphs marred the effect of his utterances. From an early sympathy with the Irish, he fell into the advocacy of coercive measures. When he took his stand against Home Rule the friendship that existed between Mr. Gladstone and himself for nearly half a century suffered a shock whose effects were never repaired. Nearly all his later public utterances contain unkind references to his former associate.

His last great speech was at Birmingham against Irish Home Rule, and this greatly damaged Mr. Gladstone's side. His last speech in the Commons was on the Speaker's election in 1886. His last prolonged speech in the Commons was on the franchise. This was a failure, showing signs of his mental decay.

YELLOW FEVER.

Over 2000 Victims a Month at Rio, Brazil.

In Rio, Brazil, at present there is but one topic—the epidemic which is making such great ravages among all classes. The official returns of the deaths from yellow fever since the commencement of the year sum up 1500 victims from that form of fever alone, and the mortality from other types is unusually great. The inhabitants of Rio are in fact dying at the rate of two thousand a month in a city of three hundred thousand, largely depleted by the flight of every one able to take refuge in the highland sanitaria. Children from ten years down are the special prey, even infants a few days old succumbing to yellow fever, and no medical skill avails to save the families of the most eminent physicians from decimation.

No doubt the great severity of the epidemic arises from the complete failure of the rainy season to make its appearance, resulting in a great scarcity of water and in the drying up of the swamps inside and outside the city so effectually that not a croak of a frog is to be heard where in other years the ears were deafened with their noise.

KENTUCKY BANDITS.

A Posse of Fifty Men Capture Five Members of a Lawless Gang.

For some months a gang of law-defying characters have been making their headquarters on Stinging Creek, the wildest and most unsettled district of Knox County, Ky. Warrants have been repeatedly issued for them by the county authorities, but they have always managed to elude the officers or drive them back at the muzzle of their Winchesters. The other morning the Sheriff and three deputies attempted to surprise the gang and bring them in, but were themselves waylaid and fired upon, and forced to beat a hasty retreat, barely escaping with their lives. Judge D. N. Cull, who is presiding in the Circut Court at Barboursville, was no sooner informed of the route of the Sheriff's party and the defiant position taken by the lawless "Creekers," than he appointed a pro-tempore Judge, put himself at the head of fifty resolute men, and marched toward the locality of the recent outrages. Only five of the gang were captured, as the rest had fled before the attack of the Judge's party.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

THE City Hall at Dover, N. H., was destroyed by fire. Several near-by buildings were also damaged. Loss nearly $100,000.

ROBERT CRAVEN, of Philadelphia, the Secretary and Treasurer of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company, has stolen over $10,000 and fled.

EX-PRIVATE SECRETARY DAN LAMONT has been chosen President of the Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company of New York city by the unanimous vote of the directors.

EMILY SCHENCKLE was Albert Lindstrom's sweetheart four years ago in Sweden. She refused to marry him after he paid her passage here, and in Worcester, Mass., he shot her, injuring her fatally, and then killed himself.

EX-UNITED STATES SENATOR JOHN SCOTT, President and one of the receivers of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, died at Pittsburg of pneumonia, in his sixty-ninth year. He was identified with a large number of financial and industrial institutions in Pittsburg, and was one of the originators of the Edgar Thomas Steel Company.

OWEN MCGOLDRICK and his son James, aged fifty and twenty years respectively, were killed by a train at Meriden, Conn.

ONE workman was killed and two were fatally injured by the collapse of an unfinished building at Binghamton, N. Y.

PATRICK FLEMING, a hay dealer of Providence, R. I., has left town with liabilities placed at $40,000.

W. H. BIGELOW, of Maine, has been appointed Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service of New England.

THE probabilities were that the steamship Conserva, which sailed from New York to become a gunboat in the service of Hippolyte, the leader of the Haytian insurgents, was wrecked by collision and that not only did she go to the bottom, but also the unknown craft which struck her. The Commander of the steamer was John Henry Ankers, of Brooklyn. The crew was composed of twenty-three Malays and Lascars.

THE explosion of a barrel of kerosene destroyed a hat factory in Williamsburg, N. Y., and there being no other escape for the eighty workpeople, they leaped from the windows. About twenty were seriously injured, two fatally.

E. CUMMINGS & CO., Boston leather dealers, have failed for $300,000.

South and West.

Two Mexican raiders who crossed the border into Texas with objects of robbery were killed by American officers. Three of the latter were wounded.

A GIRL named Ada Lebrecht lost her life in the burning of the Standard Bagging Factory at St. Louis.

DAN WARD, sixteen years old, shot and killed Ed. Burke, two years his junior, at Birmingham, Ala. Burke asked Ward for a cigarette and the latter replied he had none. Burke called his friend a liar, when Ward shot him.

THE mill of the Chicago Lumber Company at Denver, Col., was burned. Loss, $75,000.

GOLDBERG BROTHERS, of Milwaukee, Wis., dealers in laces, have failed for $110,000.

THE plant of the St. Paul (Minn.) Meat and Provision Company was burned. Loss $200,000.

BURNS HARGETT, aged twelve years, was caught by the foot and drawn between the rollers of a corn-crusher at Fredrick, Md. It was two hours before the body could be released, and then it was ground up into a mere mass of flesh and bones.

NAVIGATION is open for the season in all the Western rivers.

ALVIS TURNER and Jeff King were going toward Cumberland Gap, Ky., and James Burch was coming to town, and the meeting was celebrated by Alvis Turner shooting at Burch, the ball only striking Burch's gun. Burch returned the fire, promptly killing Alvis Turner, and then King fired on Burch, killing him and beating a hasty retreat up Clear Creek.

EIGHT tramps were publicly flogged on their bare backs by a Citizens Committee in Fairbury, Neb., for impudent and boisterous conduct.

A FIRE at Kenny, Ill., destroyed $100,000 worth of property, including more than twenty stores and business houses.

A TRAIN near Dunlap's, Ind., struck a buggy containing Robert McCaffrey, aged twenty, and Miss Della Love, aged eighteen, of Elkhart. Both were found on the pilot of the engine dead. McCaffrey's head was crushed, and the young woman's neck broken.

HARVEY JOHNSON, a thirteen-year-old boy, and a playmate found a small keg of powder in a barn at Sioux City, Iowa. The Johnson boy dropped a lighted cigarette into the keg, and an explosion followed, which killed them both.

THE Central Warehouse at Chicago, with its valuable store of teas and coffees, was burned to the ground, entailing a loss of about $1,500,000.

LEE LYONS, a colored ex-convict, was driven to bay at Franklinton, N. C., and as he refused to surrender, the Sheriff and his deputies fired six bullets into him, ending his life.

Washington.

SECRETARY TRACY has ordered the steamer Thetis to proceed to Sitka, Alaska.

THE President has issued a proclamation forbidding the killing of any otter, mink, marten, sable or fur seal, or other fur-bearing animal in Alaska. Penalties fixed for its violation are for each offence $200 to $1,000 fine and not more than six months' imprisonment, or both, and the vessels will be confiscated.

THE President has signed the proclamation opening Oklahoma to settlement. May 1 is set as the date for opening the Territory.

JUDGE CHANDLER, of Independence, Mo., has accepted the place of First Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

SECRETARY WINDOM has appointed James H. Windrim, of Philadelphia, Supervising Architect of the Treasury, vice Will A. Freret, resigned by request.

THE President has reserved Monday to himself, and on that day sees those only with whom he has engagements.

COLONEL FRED D. GRANT called at the Department of State and took the oath of office as Minister to Austria.

SECRETARY WINDOM has issued the following instructions to customs officers in regard to the Paris Exposition: Manufacturers, articles or wares produced or manufactured in the United States which may be sent to the Paris Exhibition of 1889 for exhibition will upon their return to the United States be admitted to free entry.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WANAMAKER and the Hawaiian Minister have signed a convention increasing the amount of money orders between the two to $100.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WANAMAKER has appointed the following division superintendents of the railroad mail service: First Division, W. H. Bigelow, Boston, Mass.; Second Division, R. C. Jackson, New York; Third Division, C. W. Vickery, Washington, D. C.; Fourth Division, L. M. Terrell, Atlanta, Ga.; Fifth Division, George W. Pepper, Cleveland, Ohio.

Foreign.

So far this year there have been fifteen duels and sixteen suicides at Monte Carlo, the great Italian gambling resort.

IT is estimated that the losses due to the collapse of the French copper ring amount to $30,000,000.

A FRENCH torpedo boat has foundered off Cherbourg in a hurricane. Her captain and fourteen of her crew were drowned.

COUNT PETER SCHUVALOFF, the distinguished Russian diplomat and General, died at St. Petersburg, aged sixty-one.

THE town of Pinsk in Russia has been destroyed by fire. Six persons were burned to death.

THE Ministers have prevailed upon the Queen of Holland to undertake temporarily the duties of Regent. The Cabinet has decided to convoke a Congress of the two Chambers for the purpose of declaring the King incapacitated for the duties of a Sovereign.

THE two Spanish coasting steamships Mindao and Visayas collided off Manilla. The former sank with thirty of her crew and passengers.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND was entertained at dinner in Havana by the Governor of Cuba.

THE Hon. Guy Dawnay, Member of the British Parliament, has been killed by a buffalo while hunting on Masa Island, Zanzibar, Africa. He was member for North Yorkshire, served in the Zulu war and was just forty years of age.

A WHITE book on Samoa has been issued at Berlin; Prince Bismarck repudiates the acts and utterances of Consul Knappe, the German Consul at Samoa.

THE Government has taken steps to prevent the introduction into Mexico of American lard, owing to the official announcement that it is detrimental to health.

ENGLAND has demanded of Morocco $250,000 indemnity for the massacre and pillage at the Mackenzie factory at Cape Juby in 1888.

MINISTER HEEMSKERK has been appointed Regent of Holland.

CHOLERA has broken out at Zamboanga, in the Philippine Islands. There have been five hundred deaths so far.

THOUSANDS of canal workmen have left the Isthmus of Panama, and work has about stopped.

A Public Benefactor.

"Who is H. H. Warner, of Rochester, N. Y., whose Safe Remedies, especially Warner's Safe Cure, have attained such success and celebrity at home and abroad?"

The question is inspired as much by affection as curiosity, since through his instrumentality hundreds of thousands, in both hemispheres, have been restored to health and happiness.

Hon. H. H. Warner, then, is a leading and honored resident of Rochester, not only, but a prominent and influential citizen of the United States. On several occasions chosen by his party as a National delegate to nominate a President of the Republic, he has been a member of the Republican State Committee and of its Executive Committee. He is a member of the American Institution for the Advancement of Science; President of the Rochester Chamber of Commerce; a successful and upright business man. He has given away fortunes in charities. The celebrated and costly Warner Observatory of Rochester was conceived, endowed, and is maintained by him. His munificent prizes for the discovery of comets has been at once the wonder and delight of the scientific world.

The yellow fever scourge in the South, the Ohio floods, the fire disasters of Rochester and other cities awakened his profoundest sympathies, and in each instance his check for from $500 to $5000 swelled the several relief funds. Where other wealthy men give tens and hundreds, he gives hundreds and thousands.

His charities are as ready and magnificent as his enterprises and public spirit are boundless.

The world has need of more such men.

An incident led him into the manufacture of medicine. Seized some twelve years ago with what the ablest physicians termed fatal kidney disease, he was miraculously restored to health by what is now known as Warner's Safe Cure. At once he resolved to make known the merits of so potent a remedy, and the consequence is that to-day he has immense laboratories and warehouses in the United States, Canada, England, Germany, Austria, Australia and Burmah. Sales of his Safe Remedies are enormous, and their power over disease simply marvelous.

The merit of a production is in exact keeping with the character of its producer. An honest and reliable man himself, Mr. Warner makes honest and reliable medicines—a fact abundantly attested by their phenomena efficacy and popularity.

LATER NEWS.

THE strike of the weavers in Fall River, Mass., is ended, and the operatives have returned to work on the old basis.

THE largest dry goods establishment in Scranton, Penn., owned by the firm of Clelland, Simpson & Taylor, who carried a stock valued at $200,000, was destroyed by fire. The loss is almost total.

THE pattern-shop of the Fort Pitt (Penn.) Foundry was burned. The loss is $100,000.

ARTHUR MATTASHED and William Gravelly Darling, two Englishmen, have been murdered and robbed by a half breed guide named Gray Bud in the vicinity of Sweet Grass Hills, Montana, whither they went on a hunting excursion.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has returned to Florida from Cuba.

JIM TURNEY and Mack Francis were publicly hanged at Lebanon, Tenn., for the murder of Len Martin.

"GENERAL" TURNER'S house at Pineville, Ky., was burned on Tuesday night, and Turner and his family perished in the flames.

JOHN ROSENBERGER, a farmer, shot dead Andrew Castaline in a row over a trivial matter near Creighton, Neb., then burned his own house to the ground and shot himself dead.

GENERAL LUIS E. TORRES, Governor of Lower California, has sent a message to the press, stating that the reports of the discovery of gold in that country have been grossly exaggerated.

EX-REPRESENTATIVE PETER P. MAHONEY, of Brooklyn, died a few days since in Washington. He was born in 1848.

CORPORAL TANNER has assumed direction of the Pension Office.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has received his first month's salary. It amounted to $3,-8 8.88, and was delivered to him in the form of a Treasury draft. It was for the month of March, minus the first three days. Mr. Cleveland received the President's salary for that portion of the month.

GOVERNOR BEAVER, of Pennsylvania, was assaulted in Washington by a retired army officer named Armes. The Governor repulsed him with his crutch. The cause of the trouble was the exclusion of Armes from the Inaugural parade.

THE Duke of Buckingham is dead. He was born in 1823.

QUEEN VICTORIA and Queen Regent Christina met at San Sebastian, Spain.

A DISASTROUS collision is reported on the Taku and Sientsin Railway, China, resulting in many deaths.

THE house of Elder E. S. Greene in Springfield, Mass., was destroyed by fire, and Ida Greene, aged fourteen, was burned to death.

THE body of John Maider, a wealthy retired butcher of Allegheny City, Penn., was found in the Allegheny River with his throat cut from ear to ear. He had evidently gone straight to the river from his home, and after cutting his throat, jumped into the water.

MAYOR FITLER, of Philadelphia, entertained Postmaster-General Wanamaker at dinner. Among those present were Governor Beaver, George W. Childs, Charles Emory Smith, William Singerly, George Elverson and Alexander McClure.

A POINTER in Morgan's shingle mill, at Hungerford, Mich., burst, killing Edward Stewart and his brother Charlie.

LIEUTENANT BATEMAN, of the Tenth United States Infantry, was run over by a train and killed at Muncie, Ind.

B. M. HUEY, JR., the Southern Express Agent at Blocton, Ala., killed an unknown highwayman, who had attempted to rob him of $7000 after wounding him.

THE Old Dominion Steamship Wyanoke, from New York, collided off the Delaware Capes, Va., with the schooner Ruth Darling, sinking her. Captain Lowell, who was at the schooner's wheel at the time of the disaster, and seaman Charles Harrison were lost.

HENRY W. RAYMOND, editor and pubsher of the Germantown (Penn.) *Telegraph*, has been appointed private secretary to Secretary of the Navy Tracy.

COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS TANNER has appointed A. W. Fisher, of North Carolina, Chief Clerk of the Pension Office.

FOUR Americans from El Paso, Texas, shot and killed two Mexican policemen in Juarez, Mexico, who had attempted their arrest.

LORD FRAZER, Judge of the Outer House of the Scotch Court of Session, is dead.

THE British steamer Delta was captured by the Haytian gunboat Defense and subsequently released by General Legitime, who paid the Delta's commander $3000 as indemnity.

THE Baltic timber yard, near Buckingham Palace, London, has been destroyed by fire. The loss is $300,000. During the progress of the fire a pile of timber fell, injuring a number of firemen.

FERDINAND VANDERTAELEN, a merchant prince of Antwerp, and known as the John Bright of Belgium, has committed suicide. The act was due to the failure of several allied firms, whose liabilities will reach a colossal sum.

BURNED AT THE STAKE.

Three Cattle Thieves Tortured to Death by Indians.

A band of masked men took three of the accused cattle thieves, Gannon, Babcock and Remus, from their homes near Ainsworth, Neb., across the line into the reservation and delivered them to a band of Indians.

As soon as the trio were in the hands of the redskins the latter made the prisoners take off their clothing. The Indians then tied them to three stakes, at each of which slow fires were built.

Not satisfied with this cruelty, they tortured their victims with sharp pointed sticks, and as the fire increased and burned their legs the redskins increased their torture until the prisoners were unconscious.

Then with rifles they filled the bodies with bullets and allowed the remains to be cremated.

The Trees of America and Europe.

That this country once consisted largely of unbroken forests is well known to all intelligent persons, and although sections have been greatly denuded none of the original species have become extinct. Few persons, however, are fully aware of the remarkable number of the species as compared with other parts of the world. In a report on Michigan State forestry Dr. W. J. Beal, an officer of the Commission, makes some interesting statements not only in regard to the forests of that State, but of the trees and shrubs of North America and Europe as well.

The relative importance of the trees and shrubs of this country as compared with those of Europe is surprising. Great Britain has one specie of basswood, one maple, not over twenty feet high; one cherry, from ten to twenty feet high; one small ash, two elms, two poplars, one beech, large but not high; one small white birch, one species of pines, inferior to our white pine, and a species of oak which sometimes grows to a great size. About ten species of trees are natives of her soil. Michigan, with half the territory, has seventy species. Great Britain has no white wood, no white or red cedar, no hickory.

Michigan has six species of maple of tree size, a basswood, a white wood, honey locust, Kentucky coffee tree, two cherry, a pepperidge, five species of ash, a sassafras, three elms, a blackberry, a mulberry, a buttonwood, black walnut, butternut, six hickory, about twelve oak, a chestnut, a beach, four treebirch, four willow, of tree size, six poplar, three pine, four spruce, one larch, one arbor vitæ and a red cedar.

In the Atlantic region of North America there are 292 species; in the Pacific region 153 species. In all Europe there are only eighty-five species of trees.

Naturally the question arises, what has caused this great disparity? Scientists explain it to their own satisfaction by attributing it to glacial action. Away back in the tertiary period the trees of the regions now possessing an Arctic climate were such as now thrive in a warm, temperate zone like that of Georgia and California. Then came the glacial epoch, when snow and ice for most or all of the year extended to the Ohio River. At the approach of cold the trees slowly retreated southward as generation followed generation. As the climate again gradually grew warmer the trees and other plants slowly migrated northward.

In a similar manner during the glacial epoch the plants of Europe were driven southward. Europe, says Dr. Gray in the *American Journal of Science*, is all within the limits generally assigned to severe glacial action. Most of the plants of the warm temperate region had perished, and therefore were unable to retreat when the continent became warmer. "So our lines have been cast in pleasant places, and the goodly heritage of forest trees is one of the consequences."—*New York World.*

From Republican Headquarters.

MORAVIA, N. Y., May 5, 1887.—O. F. WOODWARD: I have been using Kemp's Balsam and I find it very effectual in relieving a cough with which I have been afflicted of late. Our druggists tell me they sell more of this than any other cough remedy. I can cheerfully recommend it. Yours Truly, J. J. PEASE, Editor *Republican*. At all druggists'. Large bottles, 50c and $1.

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Mothers, Overworked Men, and for all diseases where the tissues are wasting away from the inability to digest ordinary food, or from overwork of the brain or body all such should take SCOTT'S EMULSION of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. "I used the Emulsion on a lady who was delicate, and threatened with Bronchitis. It put her in such good health and flesh, that I must say it is the best Emulsion I ever used."—L. P. WADDELL, M.D., Hugh's Mills, S. C.

A Radical Cure for Epileptic Fits.

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease which I warrant to cure the worst cases. So strong is my faith in its virtues that I will send free a sample bottle and valuable treatise to any sufferer who will give me his P. O. and Express address. Resp'y,
H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St., New York.

Bronchitis is cured by frequent small doses of Piso's Cure for Consumption.

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A thorough cleansing this spring, in order to expel the impurities which have accumulated during the winter, or which may be hereditary, and cause you much suffering. We confidently recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as the very best spring medicine. By its use the blood is purified, enriched and vitalized, that tired feeling is entirely overcome and the whole body given strength and vigor. The appetite is restored and sharpened, the digestive organs are toned, and the kidneys and liver invigorated.

"I had boils all over my neck and back, troubling me so much that I could not turn my head around, nor stoop over. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me in two weeks." DANIEL READ, Kansas City, Mo.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier before the public. It eradicates scrofula and all humors, cures salt rheum, boils, pimples, etc. The severest cases of blood poisoning have yielded to its superior curative power. It accomplishes remarkable cures where other preparations utterly fail. Try it this season.

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Smith— "I know 'tis a sin to,
But I'm bent on the notion,
I'll throw myself into
The deep, briny ocean."

Brown—"Fie, fie, my good friend, don't give way to your ailments so easily, and settle down into such gloom and despondency. There's no excuse for such conduct, when it's a well-known fact that all your bad feelings, terrible headaches, poor appetite, sense of fatigue, and lassitude, low-spirits, and hypochondriacal condition are due to torpid liver and consequent indigestion, and debility, which will all give way and disappear, as the dew before the morning sun, if you but make use of that world-famed anti-bilious, tonic medicine known as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is guaranteed to benefit or cure in all diseases for which it is recommended, or money paid for it will be refunded. It cured me when I was in a much worse condition than you are, and if you will only try it, you will soon be singing—
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Through gay coral bowers,
And frisk with the mermaids
It shall, by the Powers!"

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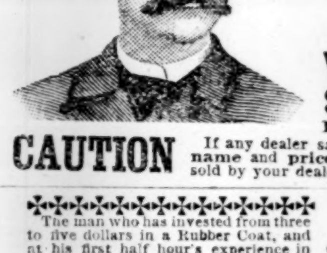

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We offer the man who wants service (not style) a garment that will keep him dry in the hardest storm. It is called TOWER'S FISH BRAND "SLICKER," a name familiar to every Cow-boy all over the land. With them the only perfect Wind and Waterproof Coat is "Tower's Fish Brand Slicker."

Ask for the "FISH BRAND" SLICKER and take no other. If your storekeeper does not have the FISH BRAND, send for descriptive catalogue. A. J. TOWER, 20 Simmons St., Boston, Mass.

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YOU will SAVE MONEY, Time, Pain, Trouble and will CURE CATARRH BY USING ELY'S CREAM BALM, Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

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